Accredited Standards Committee X3, Information Processing Systems

Doc: X3T10.1/96a126r0
Date: February 28, 1996
Project: X3T10.1 / 1145
Ref Doc.: SSA-PH1 rev 8
Reply to: Bill Ham, DEC

To: X3T10.1 Membership

From: Bill Ham, DEC

Subject: Proposal to modify clause G.1 (wiring board design)

PROPOSAL

Replace Annex G clause G.1 with the folloing proposal:

Sincerely,

Bill Ham

EXT PH: 508 841-2629

G.1 Guidelines for implementing printed circuit board design.

The terms used in this clause are defined as follows:

- a) Line path: The electrical conductor between the port connector and the termination circuitry, commonly the termination resistor (see **Error! Reference source not found.**).
- b) Line + path: The line path for the + signal.
- c) Line path: The line path for the signal.
- d) Stub: Any electrical path connecting to the line path but not part of the line path (See Figure G.2).

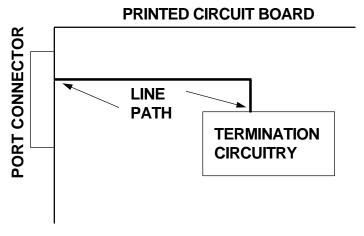


Figure G.1 - Line path definitions

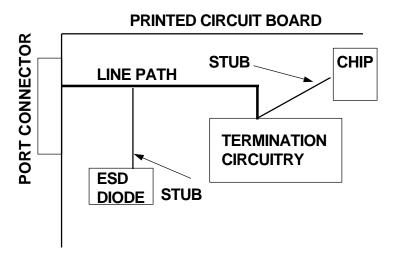


Figure G.2- Stub examples

The following guidelines¹ should be followed when designing printed circuit boards using SSA.

- a) Isolate other active signals from the line path on the printed circuit board.
- b) Stubs should be minimized and not exceed 0,5 inch in length.
- c) Capacitance to ground on stubs should be minimized.
- d) Line + paths and line paths should be laid out as 75 ohm single ended traces on one signal layer, preferably on top or bottom layers.
- e) Isolate SSA ports from each other.

¹Refer to Montrose, Mark I., <u>Printed Circuit Board Design Techniques for EMC compliance</u>, IEEE press 1996 (ISDN 0-7803-1131-0) for more details