#### Hot-Plug Problem & its Solution

# in SCSI Systems

Presented by: Hank Herrmann Technical Staff Member

Developed by Tyco Electronics (a.k.a. AMP)



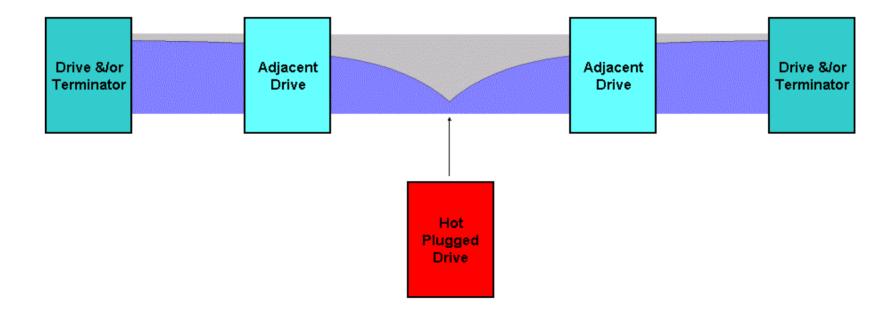
- Why am I here instead of at SFF?
  - this is a connector, right?



- the Hot Plug Problem is a System Problem that requires a System Perspective.

Once the solution is accepted, the connector specification will be taken to SFF.

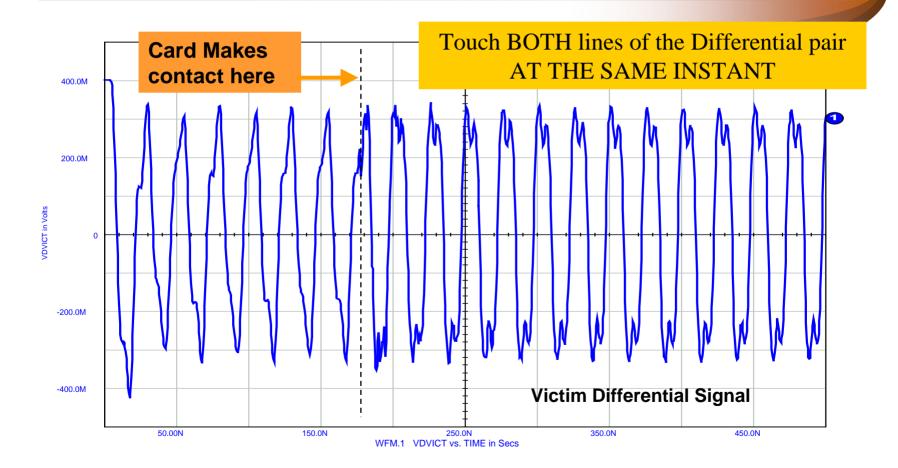
#### Bus Path (Media) Showing Energy Depletion on a Signal Line



• Is there *REALLY* a Hot Plug Problem?

• Why haven't we seen it?

... and if there is such a problem, we already fixed it!



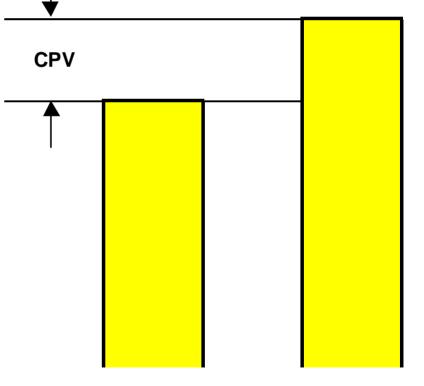
#### But that's not reality ...

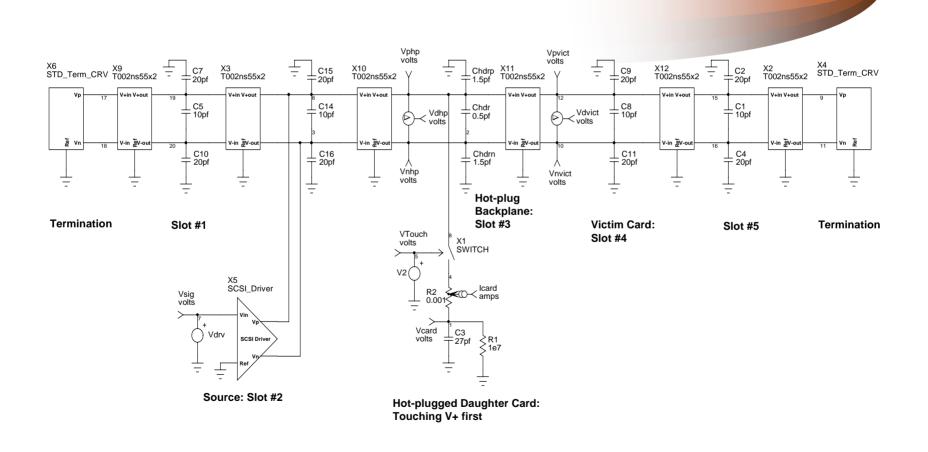
#### Select Velocity Range:

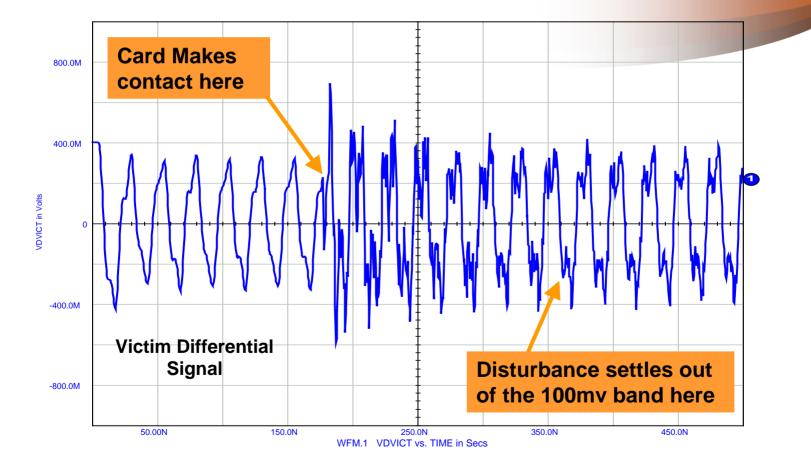
Maximum		Minimum
2.0	Ft/sec	0.2
0.0240	mils/usec	0.0024

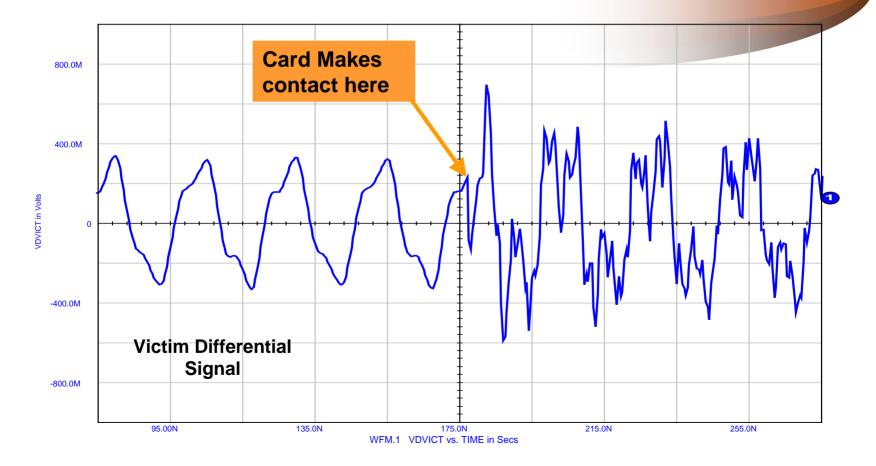
#### Contact Point Variation (CPV):

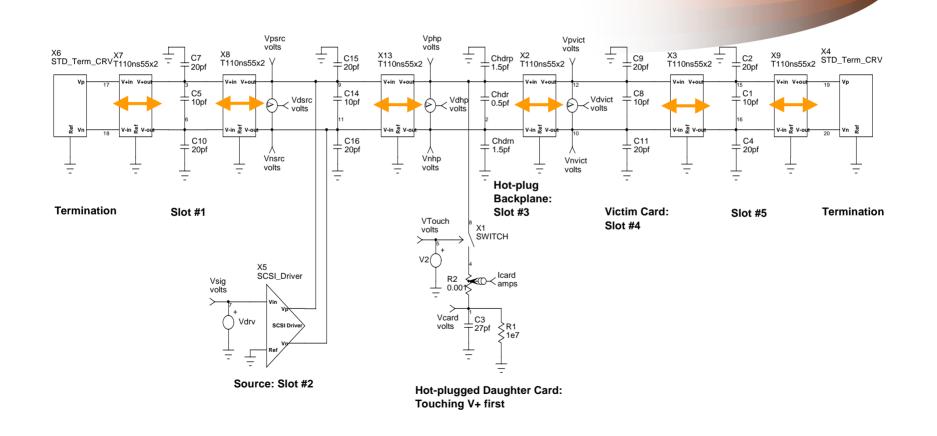
Minimum		Maximum
1.0	mils	5.0
41.67	usec	2083.33



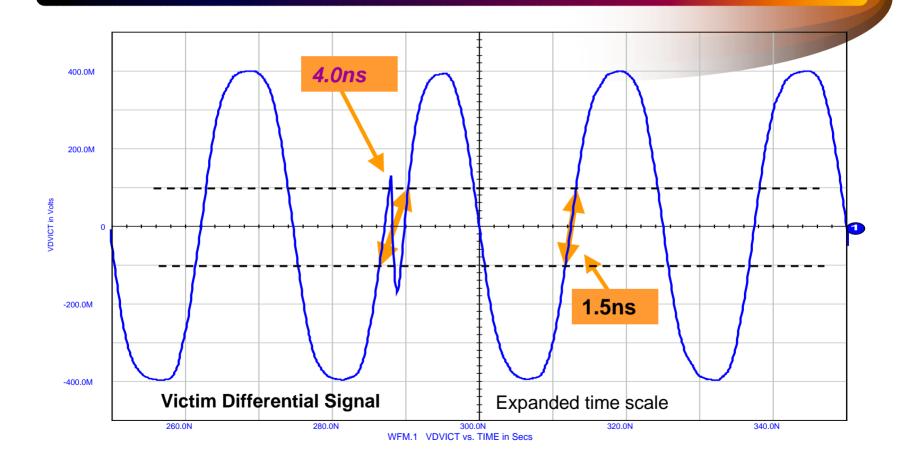


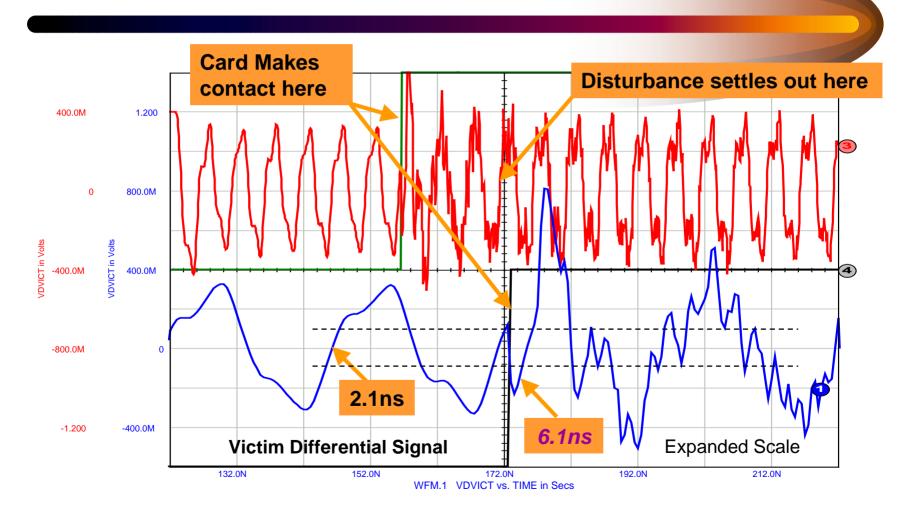






#### The Hot-Plug Problem ... 500.0M 1.200 2) -500.0M 800.0M **Victim Differential Signal** VDVICT in Volts VDVICT in Volts -1.500 400.0M 0 -2.500 1 -3.500 -400.0M Expanded time scale 260.0N 280.0N 320.0N 340.0N 300.0N WFM.1 VDVICT vs. TIME in Secs







• We have another **System** issue ...

– When, exactly, does the disturbance occur?

• This gets us into probabilities ...

- Criticality depends on Type of Signal line
  - synchronous
    - did it 'hit' the sample period?
    - did the edge get out of spec?
  - asynchronous (level sensitive)
    - did the edge get out of spec?
    - is the magnitude great enough to cause a problem?
    - can the line cause a problem at that time?



- The net result?
- A detectable error will not occur every time.
- It is very difficult to capture hard evidence.
- The system works 'most of the time.'

- What must a system developer do?
- Use good design practices
  - minimize reflections, noise, attenuation, ...
- Use Simulation and Testing

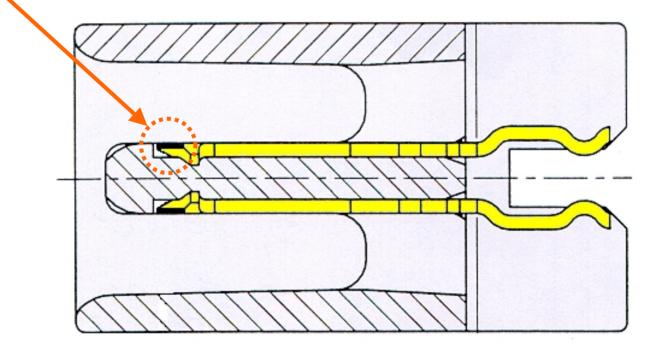
– identify possible problems and investigate them

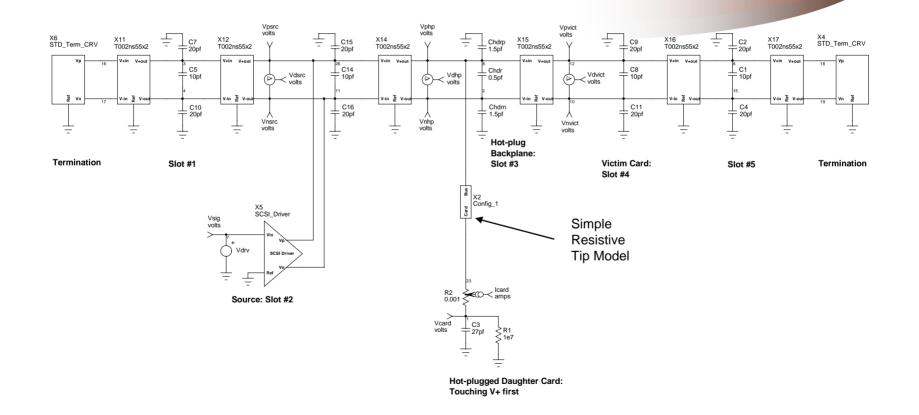


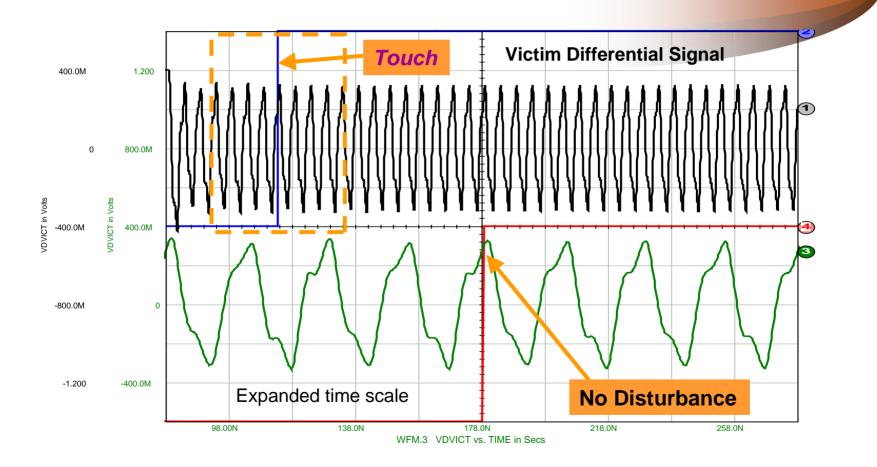
• You must limit the rate at which energy is taken from the bus.

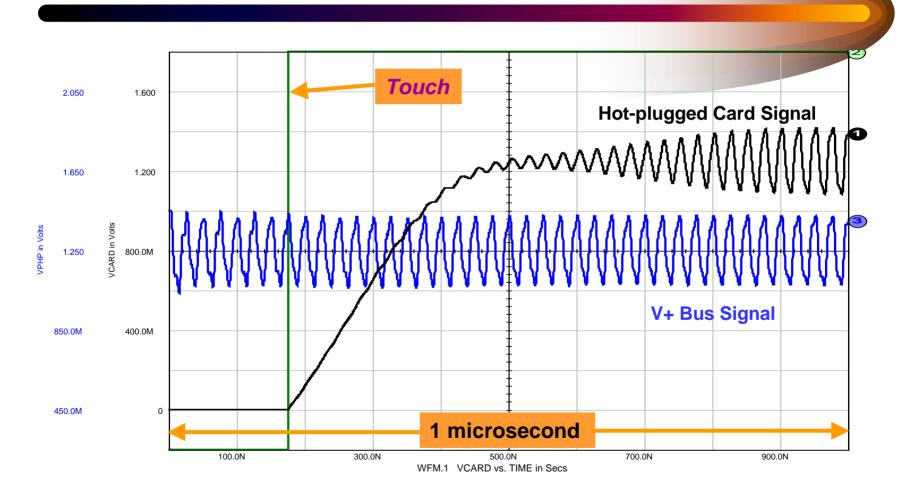
• Resistive Tip Contacts do that.

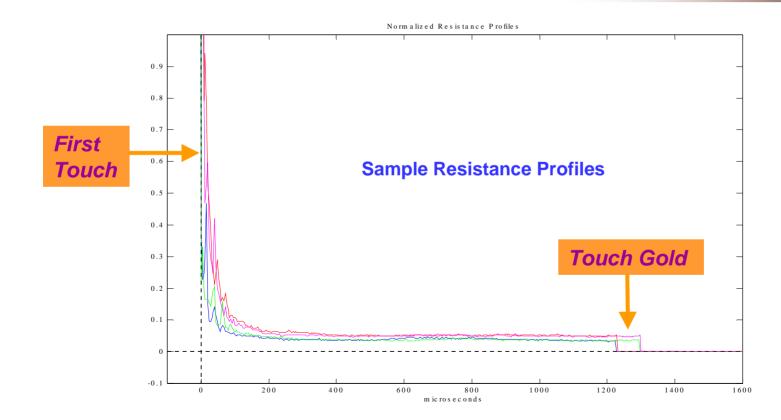
#### • Modify the SCA-2 Plug ...

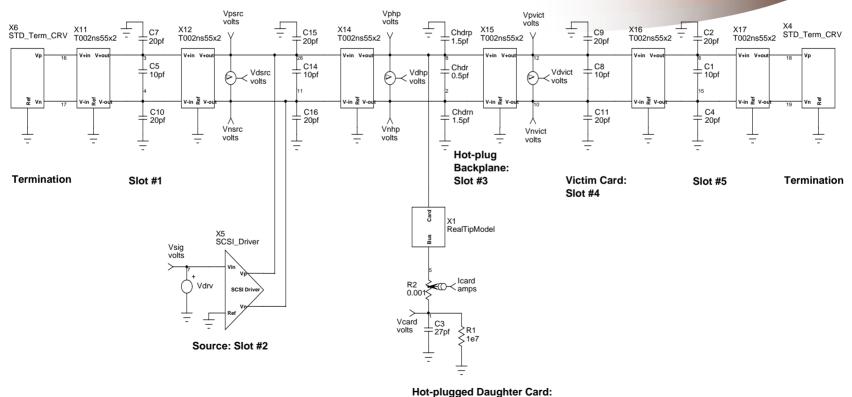






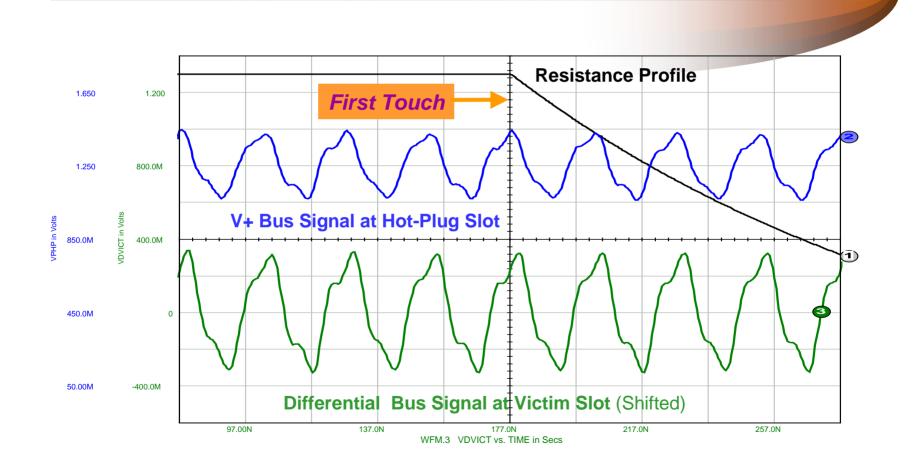


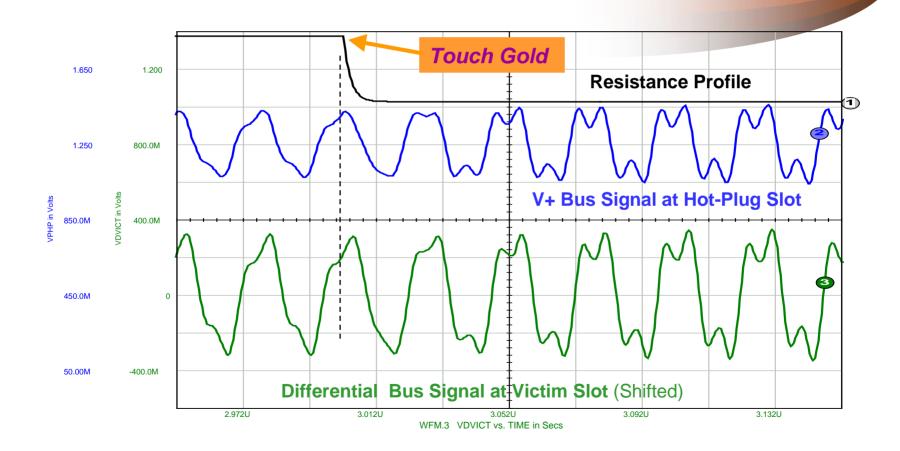




Touching V+ first

#### The Hot-Plug Solution ... 120.0 900.0M First Touch Switch Signal 1 80.00 700.0M Vormalized Resistance VTOUCH in Volts 40.00 500.0M **First Touch** 0 300.0M **Touch Gold Resistance Profile** -40.00 100.00M 500.0N 1.500U 2.500U 3.500U 4.500U WFM.2 VSWEEP vs. TIME in Secs







• There *REALLY* is a Hot Plug Problem!

• It is difficult to identify (but not impossible)

• ... and there is a **Solution**!

- We have a Hot Plug Safe product.
  - it is for a different bus
  - it is currently under a confidentiality agreement
  - it will be jointly announced at
    - DesignCon 2000 (San Jose, CA)
    - Bus and Board Conference (San Diego, CA)

- Why did we make a Product for another bus standard when we had started with SCSI?
- Because we had a major customer that ...
  - identified the problem in their product
  - worked with us to establish the solution
  - and is committed to using our product

- The product has passed Verification Testing:
  - Bellcore, uncontrolled environment, Mixed Flowing Gas
  - Durability
- The product is currently in Qualification Testing:
  - Bellcore, uncontrolled environment, Mixed Flowing Gas
  - Durability
  - Temperature / Humidity



# Tyco Electronics (a.k.a. AMP) has your Hot Plug Solution