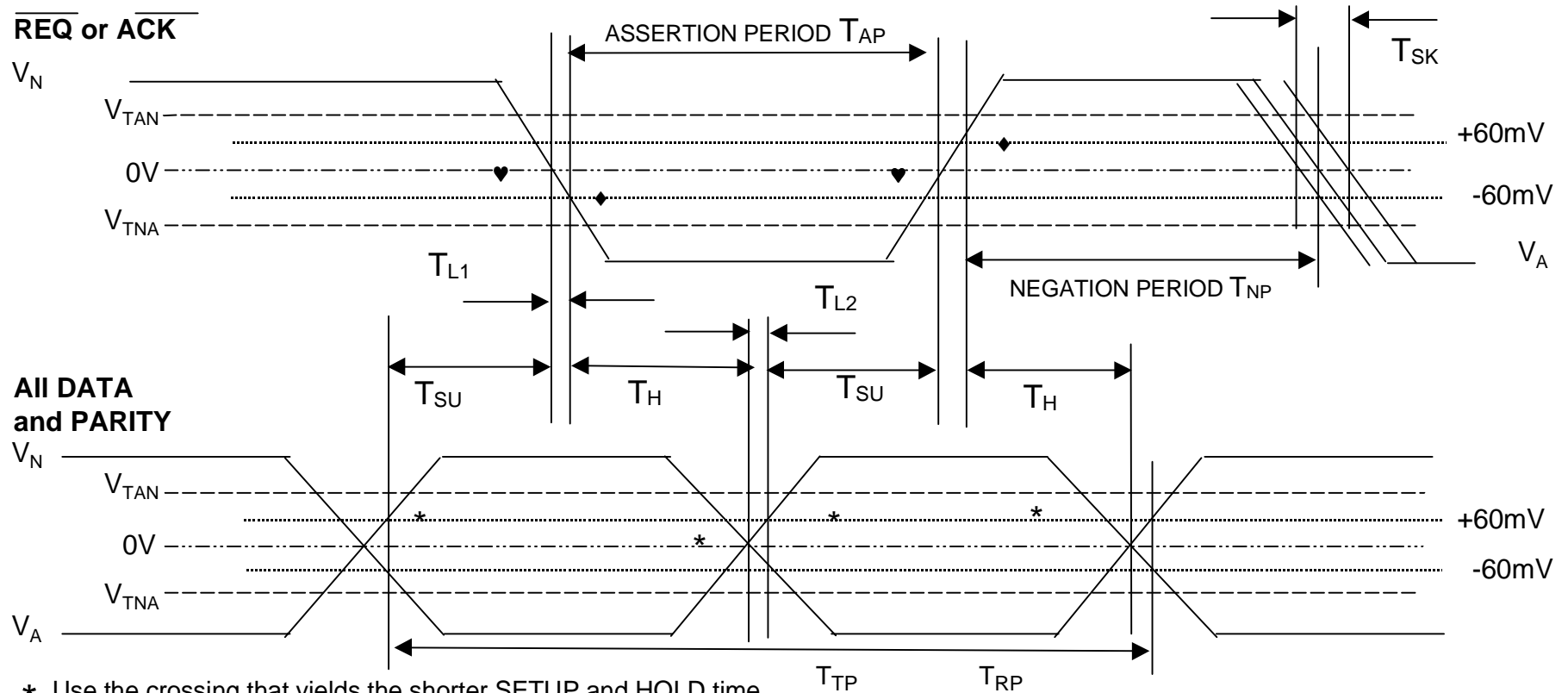


Timing Diagram



* Use the crossing that yields the shorter SETUP and HOLD time

◆ Shall be detected

♥ May be detected

Notes:

1 T_{SU} - Setup time.

2 T_H - Hold time.

3 $T_{L1/2}$ - May detect to Shall detect time.

4 T_{SK} - Skew time.

5 T_{AP} - Asserted time.

6 T_{NP} - Negated time.

7 T_{TP} - Transmitted period

8 T_{RP} - Received period

$$V_{TNA} = -\max[60\text{mV or } (0,25 \times V_N)]$$

$$V_{TAN} = \max [60 \text{ mV or } (-0,25 \times V_A)]$$

$$1,0 \text{ V} \geq V_N \geq 60 \text{ mV}$$

$$-1,0 \text{ V} \leq V_A \leq -60 \text{ mV}$$

Differential voltage signals in all cases

Transmit Timing Equations

For Fast 40:

(1) $T_{TP} = X - 0.6 \text{ ns}$

(2) $T_{TP} = T_{AP} + T_{NP} + T_{L1} + T_{L2}$

(3) $T_{NP} = T_H + T_{L1} + T_{SK} + T_{SU} = T_{AP} - T_{ASYM}$

(4) $T_{L1} = a T_F$ $T_{L2} = b T_R$

(1) $T_{TP} = 50 \text{ ns} - 0.6 \text{ ns} = 49.4 \text{ ns}$

(2) $T_{TP} = 22.5 \text{ ns} + 22.5 \text{ ns} + T_{L1} + T_{L2}$

(5) From (1) & (2) $T_{L1} + T_{L2} = 49.4 \text{ ns} - 45 \text{ ns} = 4.4 \text{ ns}$

(3) $T_{NP} = 9.25 \text{ ns} + 2.2 \text{ ns} + 1 \text{ ns} + 9.25 \text{ ns} = 21.7 \text{ ns} = 22.5 \text{ ns} - T_{ASYM}$

For Fast 20:

(1) $T_{TP} = 100 \text{ ns} - 0.6 \text{ ns} = 99.4 \text{ ns}$

(2) $T_{TP} = 45 \text{ ns} + 45 \text{ ns} + T_{L1} + T_{L2}$

(5) From (1) & (2) $T_{L1} + T_{L2} = 99.4 \text{ ns} - 90 \text{ ns} = 9.4 \text{ ns}$

(3) $T_{NP} = 18.5 \text{ ns} + 4.7 \text{ ns} + 1 \text{ ns} + 18.5 \text{ ns} = 42.7 \text{ ns} = 45 \text{ ns} - T_{ASYM}$

For Fast 80:

(1) $T_{TP} = 25 \text{ ns} - 0.6 \text{ ns} = 24.4 \text{ ns}$

(2) $T_{TP} = 11.5 \text{ ns} + 11.5 \text{ ns} + T_{L1} + T_{L2}$

(5) From (1) & (2) $T_{L1} + T_{L2} = 24.4 \text{ ns} - 23 \text{ ns} = 1.4 \text{ ns}$

(3) $T_{NP} = 4.8 \text{ ns} + 0.7 \text{ ns} + 1 \text{ ns} + 4.8 \text{ ns} = 11.3 \text{ ns} = 11.5 \text{ ns} - T_{ASYM}$

Receive Timing Equations

(1) $T_{RP} = X - 0.7 \text{ ns}$

(2) $T_{TP} = T_{AP} + T_{NP} + T_{L1} + T_{L2}$

(3) $T_{NP} = T_H + T_{L1} + T_{SK} + T_{SU} + T_{STSK} = T_{AP} - T_{ASYM}$

(4) $T_{L1} = d T_F \quad T_{L2} = e T_R$

For Fast 80:

(1) $T_{TP} = 25 \text{ ns} - 0.7 \text{ ns} = 24.3 \text{ ns}$

(2) $T_{TP} = 10 \text{ ns} + 10 \text{ ns} + T_{L1} + T_{L2}$

(5) From (1) & (2) $T_{L1} + T_{L2} = 24.3 \text{ ns} - 20 \text{ ns}$
 $= 4.3 \text{ ns}$

(3) $T_{NP} = 1.45 \text{ ns} + 2.15 \text{ ns} + 1 \text{ ns} + 1.45 \text{ ns} + 3.35 \text{ ns}$
 $= 9.4 \text{ ns} = 10 \text{ ns} - T_{ASYM}$

For Fast 40:

(1) $T_{TP} = 50 \text{ ns} - 0.7 \text{ ns} = 49.3 \text{ ns}$

(2) $T_{TP} = 20 \text{ ns} + 20 \text{ ns} + T_{L1} + T_{L2}$

(5) From (1) & (2) $T_{L1} + T_{L2} = 49.3 \text{ ns} - 40 \text{ ns} = 9.3 \text{ ns}$

(3) $T_{NP} = 4.75 \text{ ns} + 4.65 \text{ ns} + 1 \text{ ns} + 4.75 \text{ ns} + 6.8 \text{ ns}$
 $= 21.95 \text{ ns} = 20 \text{ ns} - T_{ASYM} \quad \therefore T_{L1} = 2.1 \text{ ns}$

For Fast 20:

(1) $T_{TP} = 100 \text{ ns} - 0.7 \text{ ns} = 99.3 \text{ ns}$

(2) $T_{TP} = 40 \text{ ns} + 40 \text{ ns} + T_{L1} + T_{L2}$

(5) From (1) & (2) $T_{L1} + T_{L2} = 99.3 \text{ ns} - 80 \text{ ns} = 19.3 \text{ ns}$

(3) $T_{NP} = 11.5 \text{ ns} + 9.65 \text{ ns} + 1 \text{ ns} + 11.5 \text{ ns} + 13.3 \text{ ns}$
 $= 46.95 \text{ ns} = 40 \text{ ns} - T_{ASYM} \quad \therefore T_{L1} = 2.1 \text{ ns}$