LVD Timing Diagram Correction

SPI-3R3 Figure 44 & 45 correction
Text Correction
Driver Level Issues
Receiver Requirement

• The receivers require over drive to switch fast enough to not have skew problems.

• The receiver overdrive is not a function of the previous voltage, but a fixed 115 mV over the 60 mV AC threshold.

• AC measurement may switch is not 60 mV, it is 0 mV.

• No Receiver rise - fall time requirements specified
* Use the crossing that yields the shorter SETUP and HOLD Time

Va or Vn must over drive the 60 mV threshold by 115 mV at the leading edge of the transition.

Vn = Negated Signal
Va = Asserted signal
Differential voltage signals in all Cases
Taf and Tar must be less than 3 ns and receiver will only deliver one state change signal reversals may occur during the period.

Proposed changes to the LVD ST Timing Diagrams

-Figure 44
**Use the crossing that yields the shorter SETUP and HOLD Time**

- Va or Vn must over drive the 60 mV threshold by 115 mV at the leading edge of the transition.
- Vn = Negated Signal
- Va = Asserted Signal

Differential voltage signals in all Cases

- Taf and Tar must be less than 3 ns and receiver will only deliver one state change signal

**Proposed changes to the LVD DT Timing Diagrams**

- Figure 45
Text Correction

- 9.2.3 ST Timing & 9.2.4 DT Timing second paragraph second sentence
  - With the maximum assertion level of V A it requires a signal that crosses the zero differential level by at least 0.25 x V A (but at least by 60 mV in all cases) to guarantee detection of a negation for fast signals.
  - Change to: Receivers require at least 115 mV over the 60 mV AC threshold or 175 mV to guarantee detection with the proper receiver switching time.
System Loss, Driver Requirements

• The previous system requirement was 115 mV
  – 60 mV AC threshold plus 55 mV for crosstalk
  – Receiver requirements of 175 mV
  – The system test show a 50% reduction in signal level on a loaded bus.
  – Minimum drive level of 400 mV is required, the current level is 270 mV.
Annex A Changes

- Table A.1
  - Va Max Min -1V, -175 mV
  - Vn Min 175 mV, Max 1V
  - Remove the third line of the table
  - Note 1 - These limits allow 60 mV base A.C. level and a maximum 55 mV for crosstalk and other non-common mode noise.

Changes to: These limits allow 60 mV base A,C, level and a minimum of 115 mV overdrive.
• A.2.1 second paragraph second sentence
  – This value shall be large enough that, after allowance for attenuation, reflections, and differential noise coupling, $V_S$ is at least $+60 \pm 175$ mV at the device connector to the LVD bus.
A.2.1 Paragraph 4

• With the test circuit of figure A.1 and the test conditions V1 and V2 in table A.2 applied, the steady-state magnitude of the differential output voltage, $V_S$, for an asserted state ($V_A$), shall be greater than or equal to $270 \ 400$ mV and less than or equal to $780$ mV. For the negated state, the polarity of $V_S$ shall be reversed ($V_N$) and the differential voltage magnitude shall be greater than or equal to $260 \ 400$ mV and less than or equal to $640$ mV. The relationship between $V_A$ and $V_N$ specified in table A.2 and shown graphically in figure A.2 shall be maintained.
Annex A Continued

• Table A.2
  – Change all the minimums to 400 mV

• Figure A.2
  – Move the lower part of the shaded area to 400 mV on both axis.