At the May X3T10 SCSI-3 Working Group meeting in Ft. Lauderdale Florida, Jim McGrath and I introduced and discussed proposed simplifications to the SAM task management (queuing) model. The Working Group was asked for a straw poll to endorse the concepts and the straw poll passed 17:1. This proposal is the result of additional work to refine these ideas and present them in a concrete form for approval by the SCSI-3 Working Group.

These ideas were discussed in the SCSI-3 Working Group in Colorado Springs and received substantial support. Subsequent discussion in Natick resulted in a proposal that the working group believes is ready to be brought before the plenary.

The essence of the proposal is to modify SAM-2 to permit two levels of task management complexity: basic\(^1\) and full. The salient features of each of these schemes is summarized in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Task attributes</th>
<th>Task management functions</th>
<th>Control byte</th>
<th>Control mode page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basic</td>
<td>SIMPLE</td>
<td>ABORT TASK, ABORT TASK SET, TARGET RESET</td>
<td>0 (SCSI-2 contingent allegiance)</td>
<td>1 (unrestricted reordering)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full</td>
<td>SIMPLE, ORDERED HEAD OF QUEUE ACA</td>
<td>ABORT TASK, ABORT TASK SET, CLEAR ACA, CLEAR TASK SET, TARGET RESET, TERMINATE TASK</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Since SAM-2 may adopt a style or organization that differs from SAM, the proposals below that suggest a way to express the basic task management model may not be appropriate in the forthcoming document. If the X3T10 Plenary endorses the technical details of this proposal, I suggest

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\(^1\) In Ft. Lauderdale, the new model was referred to as “simple task management.” Since this name causes some confusion with the SIMPLE task attribute, I suggest that the model be renamed to “basic.”
that I coordinate with both the SAM-2 and SPC-2 editors to arrive at the appropriate language to express the changes.

Section 6 in SAM, Task Management Functions, establishes optional and mandatory requirements for task management function implementation by SCSI targets. I suggest that only the definition of clear task set requires modification:

CLEAR TASK SET ( Logical Unit Identifier || ) Abort all tasks in the specified task set. This function shall be supported by all logical units that support tagged tasks (see object definition 7) that implement the full task management model. This function may be supported by logical units that do not support tagged tasks.

Section 7 in SAM, Task Set Management, seems to be the appropriate place to distinguish between basic and full queuing models. I suggest that the following paragraphs be added at the end of the first clause in section 7, just before the header for 7.1:

**SAM specifies two models for task set management: basic and full. The basic task management model is a subset of the full model and differs from it in five particulars:**

- The only task attribute supported is SIMPLE;
- The device server may reorder the actual execution sequence of tasks in any manner. Any data integrity exposures related to task sequence order shall be explicitly handled by the application client through the selection of appropriate commands;
- All the blocked tasks in the task set shall be aborted after an ACA condition is cleared;
- It is not possible to disable tagged queuing; and
- Support for the CLEAR TASK SET task management function is a logical unit option.

Once SAM-2 is modified to permit the two different task management models, a mechanism is needed for devices to report which model they implement. Consensus emerged in the SCSI-3 Working Group in Colorado Springs that INQUIRY data is the most suitable location to report task management model variants.

The following text and tables are extracted from SPC Revision 9b and show (underlined) the addition of a new bit, BQue, to indicate support for the basic task management model. The addition of the BQue bit also necessitates a change in the definition of the CmdQue bit.
The basic queuing (BQue) bit shall be zero if the CmdQue bit is one.

When the CmdQue bit is zero, the BQue bit shall have the following meaning. A BQue bit of zero indicates that the device does not support tagged tasks (command queuing) for this logical unit. A value of one indicates that the device supports the basic task management model defined by SAM.

A device that reports a BQue bit of one that also supports the control mode page for the logical unit shall report a value of one for the queue algorithm modifier field and the QErr bit and a value of zero for the DQue bit. These fields shall be unchangeable.

A command queuing (CmdQue) bit of one indicates that the device supports tagged tasks (command queuing) for this logical unit (see SAM). A value of zero indicates the device server does not support tagged tasks for this logical unit.

Because SBP-2 makes use of the basic task management model and because disk drive vendors wish to use the basic task management model in the parallel SCSI environment, I propose that these changes be promptly incorporated in SAM-2 and SPC-2.