ENDL TEXAS

Date: 29 March 2008 To: T10 Technical Committee From: Ralph O. Weber Subject: Fixes for five OSD-2 bugs

Revision History

- r0 Initial revision
- r1 Modified change 2 to swap highest and lowest as requested by the SNIA OSD TWG.
- r2 Add fixing a boot epoch bug (see change 5) which Rob Elliott identified last November.
- r3 The 08-182 changes to collection types affected the REMOVE COLLECTION which was modified in the former change 5. Likewise, the former change 6 concerned text that 08-182 modifies significantly. Therefore the former change 5 and the former change 6 were moved to 08-182 to improve the coherency of their presentation.

Since the differences between r2 and r3 are all in the revision history and removed text no change bars are provided.

Unless otherwise indicated additions are shown in blue, deletions in red strikethrough, and comments in green.

Proposed Changes

Change 1 – In what user objects can attributes be accessed?

Description

The following statement no longer describes reality:

An OSD command may only retrieve or store attributes in the attributes pages associated with the OSD object addressed by the command.

Most multi-object commands as well as the LIST command and LIST COLLECTION command provide mechanisms for accessing the attributes of user objects for which the mode of object addressing might most charitably be described as indirectly.

Proposed changes in OSD-2 r03

4.7.1 Overview

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The LIST command (see 6.15) and LIST COLLECTION command (see 6.16) allow application clients to retrieve attributes in the attributes pages associated with the objects being listed. Commands that use collections to affect multiple user objects (see 4.6.6.2) allow application clients to retrieve and/or store attributes in the attributes pages associated each object in the collection to which the command is addressed. Otherwise, an An OSD command may only retrieve or store attributes in the attributes pages associated with the OSD object addressed by the command.

Change 2 – Conflicting requirements

Description

The definition of the CREATE command contains conflicting requirements about which User_Object_ID is to be returned when multiple user objects are created. Also, the incorrect attribute name is referenced.

Proposed changes in OSD-2 r03

6.4 CREATE

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The NUMBER OF USER OBJECTS field specifies the number of user objects to be created. If the NUMBER OF USER OBJECTS field contains zero or one, one user object shall be created. Otherwise:

- a) The number of user objects created shall equal the value in the NUMBER OF USER OBJECTS field;
- b) The user objects created shall be assigned consecutive valued User_Object_IDs; and
- c) The lowest valued User_Object_ID shall be placed in the <u>created User_Object_ID</u> Collection_Object_ID or User_Object_ID attribute of the Current Command attributes page (see 7.1.2.29).

If the NUMBER OF USER OBJECTS field contains a value that is greater than one and the requested User_Object_ID is not zero, the command shall be terminated with a CHECK CONDITION status, with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense code set to INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

The command shall be terminated with a CHECK CONDITION status, with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense code set to INVALID FIELD IN CDB if:

- a) If the NUMBER OF USER OBJECT field contains a value that is greater than one;
- b) The GET/SET CDBFMT field contains 10b; and
- c) The GET ATTRIBUTES PAGE field (see 5.2.4.3) contains a value other than FFFF FFFEh (i.e., the Current Command attributes page).

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{{This text is needed to cover the case where the number of user objects field contains zero or one.}}

The highest lowest valued assigned User_Object_ID shall be placed in the Collection_Object_ID or User_Object_ID attribute in the Current Command attributes page (see 7.1.2.29).

Change 3 – The CREATE PARTITION command does not initialize secret keys

Description

Clarification is needed to show that the CREATE PARTITION command does not initialize the secret keys needed by security methods other than NOSEC.

Proposed changes in OSD-2 r03

{{Add the following somewhere near the end of 6.7 (CREATE PARTITION).}}

The CREATE PARTITION command does not initialize the partition key or the working keys (see 4.12.9.1) for the new partition. Proper operation of any security method other than NOSEC (see 4.12.4) requires that the following commands be processed without errors before other commands are addressed to the partition:

- a) A SET KEY command (see 6.29) that establishes the partition key; and
- b) One or more SET KEY commands that establish one or more working keys for the partition.

A CREATE PARTITION command whose capability (see 4.11.2.2) has the SET_ATTR bit set to one and POL/SEC bit set to one is allowed to avoid the need for SET KEY commands by setting the default security method attribute to NOSEC in the Partition Policy/Security attributes page (see 7.1.2.22) for the created partition.

Change 4 – The interactions between multi-object commands and timestamps are not specified

Description

How the processing of a multi-object command affects timestamps is not specified. The following specification is proposed.

Proposed changes in OSD-2 r03

7.1.2.17 Collection Timestamps attributes page

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The data accessed time attribute (number 4h) shall contain the value of the clock attribute in the Root Information attributes page at the completion of the most recent LIST COLLECTION command (see 6.16) that transferred a list of user objects in the collection to the application client.

The data modified time attribute (number 5h) shall contain the value of the clock attribute in the Root Information attributes page at the completion of the most recent: recent set attributes command function to a user object. Collections attributes page (see 7.1.2.19) that added or removed a member from the collection.

- a) Set attributes command function to a user object Collections attributes page (see 7.1.2.19) that added or removed a member from the collection; or
- b) Multi-object command (4.6.6.2) that removed a user object from the collection.

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7.1.2.18 User Object Timestamps attributes page

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The attributes accessed time attribute (number 2h) shall contain the value of the clock attribute in the Root Information attributes page at the completion of the most recent: recent command whose CDB get and set attributes parameters (see 5.2.4) transferred any attributes pages or values associated with the user object to the applicationclient.

- a) Command whose CDB get and set attributes parameters (see 5.2.4) transferred any attributes pages or values associated with the user object to the application client; or
- b) QUERY command (see 6.21) that evaluated any attributes values associated with the user object to the application client during attempts to match the values specified in the query list.

{All other cases for multi-object commands appear to be covered by existing text because their access to and modifications of user object attributes are described in the CDB get and set attributes parameters.}}

Change 5 – Boot epoch is incremented too easily

Description

The current boot epoch reference to SAM-4 device conditions includes all of the following: power on, hard reset, logical unit reset, I_T nexus loss, and power loss expected.

Per comments from Rob Elliott:

- "I_T nexus loss is problematic; I don't think incrementing the value every time any I_T nexus is lost would be correct. One I_T nexus's permissions are probably not related to the status of other I_T nexuses. The boot epoch attribute is not an I_T nexus specific value (I hope). I_T nexus loss should be ignored."
- "Power loss expected is problematic. It is a very lightweight condition, causing no more than a bunch of CLEAR TASK SETs. SAM-4 letter ballot comment resolution is booting it out of the "specificity" list in table 36. Power loss expected should be ignored. (if a power loss does happen, then "power on" will increment the boot epoch later)"

The boot epoch attribute definition needs to be restricted to power on, hard reset, and logical unit reset.

Proposed changes in OSD-2 r03

7.1.2.21 Root Policy/Security attributes page

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When the OSD device is manufactured, the boot epoch attribute (number Ah) should be set to a non-zero value. The processing of any a power on SCSI device condition, hard reset SCSI device condition, or logical unit reset SCSI device condition (e.g., logical unit reset) established in response to an event (see SAM-4) shall cause the boot epoch attribute to be updated as follows:

- a) If the boot epoch attribute is not set to FFFFh, then one shall be added to the boot epoch value; or
- b) If the boot epoch attribute is set to FFFFh, then the boot epoch value shall be set to one.