

T10/07-267r0

# 6G SAS Reference TX & RX Termination Networks

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# Objective

- Design termination networks to reasonably recreate worst case SDD11, SDD22, SCC11, SCC22, SCD11 & SCD22

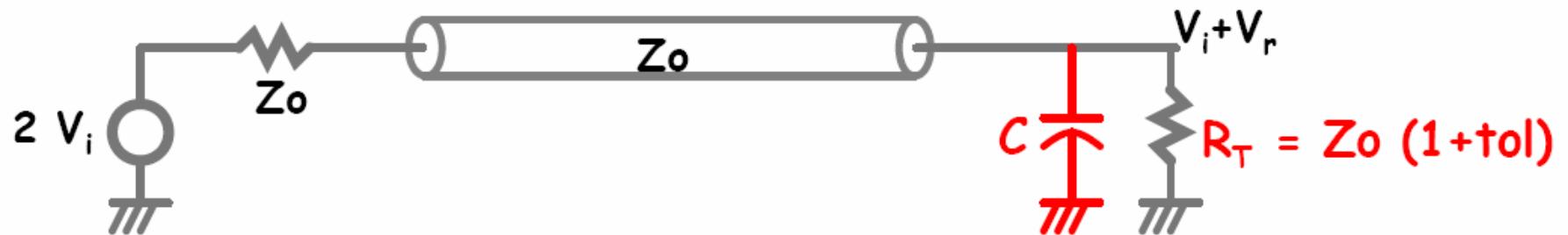
# But 1<sup>st</sup>... where is this going?

- Three applications:
  1. Validation of channels
  2. Validation of TX
  3. Validation of RX
- 1<sup>st</sup> two applications are software, but 3<sup>rd</sup> application requires hardware implementation of reference TX
- Problem: lab equipment cannot emulate worst case return loss

# Proposed Solution

- Since 3<sup>rd</sup> application (RX validation) always uses 10 meter iPass cable, TX return loss affects far end waveform very little.
- Propose that termination networks be applied only to software ref. TX & RX

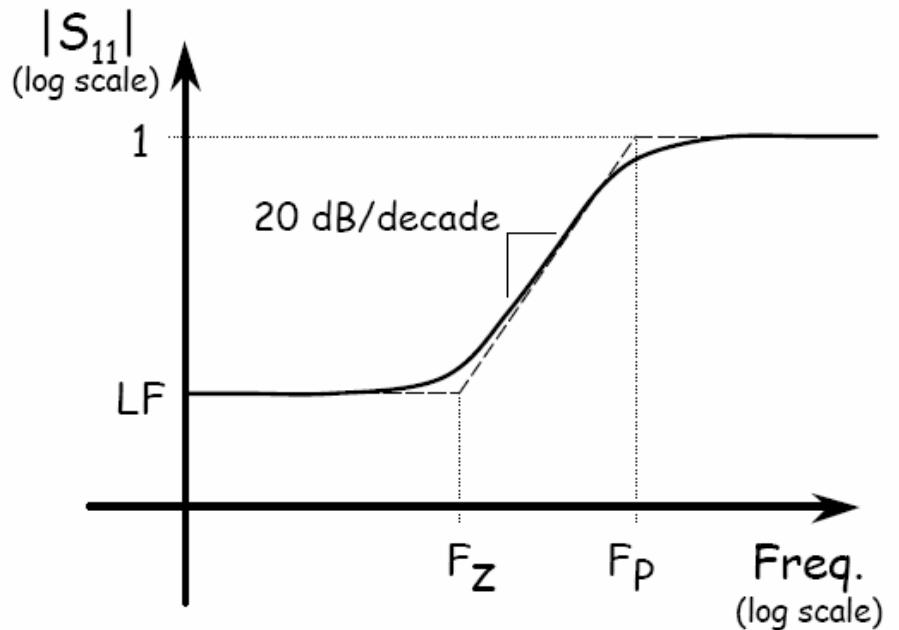
# Return Loss Spec Format



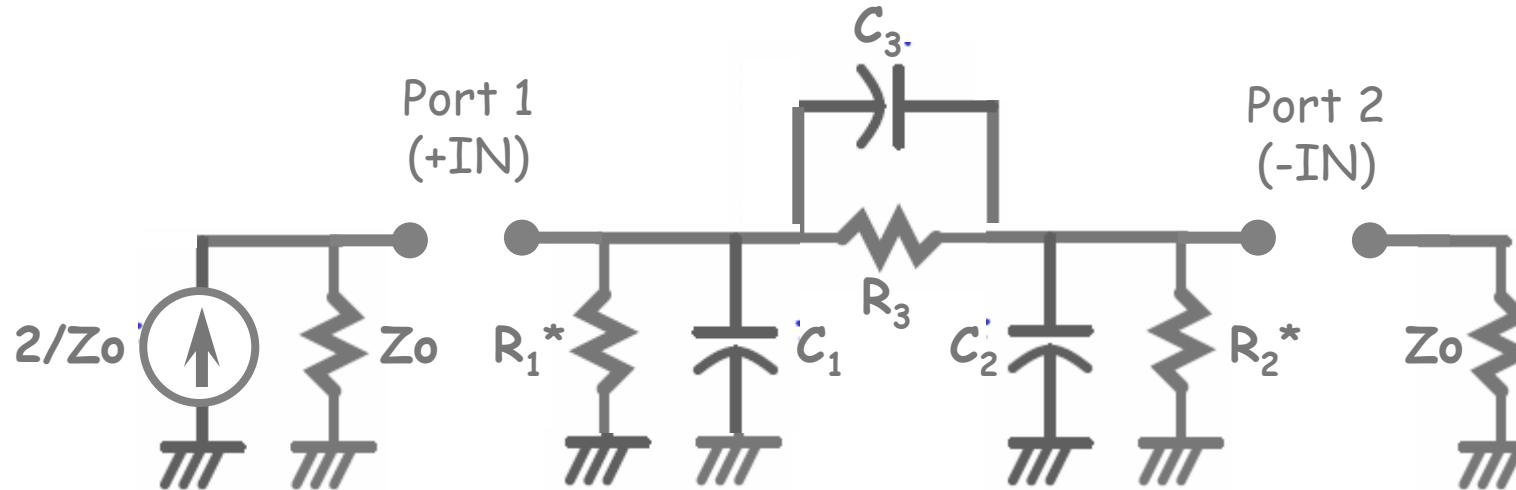
$$LF = tol/(2+tol) \\ \sim tol/2$$

$$F_Z = tol/[2\pi R C (1+tol)] \\ \sim tol/(2\pi R C)$$

$$F_P = (2+tol)/[2\pi R C (1+tol)] \\ \sim 1/(\pi R C)$$



# Model #1



$$R_1 = R_1^* \parallel Z_0, \quad R_2 = R_2^* \parallel Z_0, \quad R_1 C_1 = R_2 C_2 = R_3 C_3 = \tau$$

$$S_{11} = [(2/Z_0) * (R_1 \parallel (R_2 + R_3)) - 1 - s\tau] / [1 + s\tau]$$

$$S_{12} = [(2/Z_0) * (R_1 R_2 / (R_1 + R_2 + R_3))] / [1 + s\tau]$$

$$S_{22} = [(2/Z_0) * (R_2 \parallel (R_1 + R_3)) - 1 - s\tau] / [1 + s\tau]$$

Normalizing resistors to  $Z_0$ :  $r_1 = R_1/Z_0$ ,  $r_2 = R_2/Z_0$ ,  $r_3 = R_3/Z_0$

$$S_{11} = -[(1 - 2(r_1 || (r_2 + r_3))) + s\tau] / [1 + s\tau]$$

$$S_{12} = [2(r_1 r_2 / (r_1 + r_2 + r_3))] / [1 + s\tau]$$

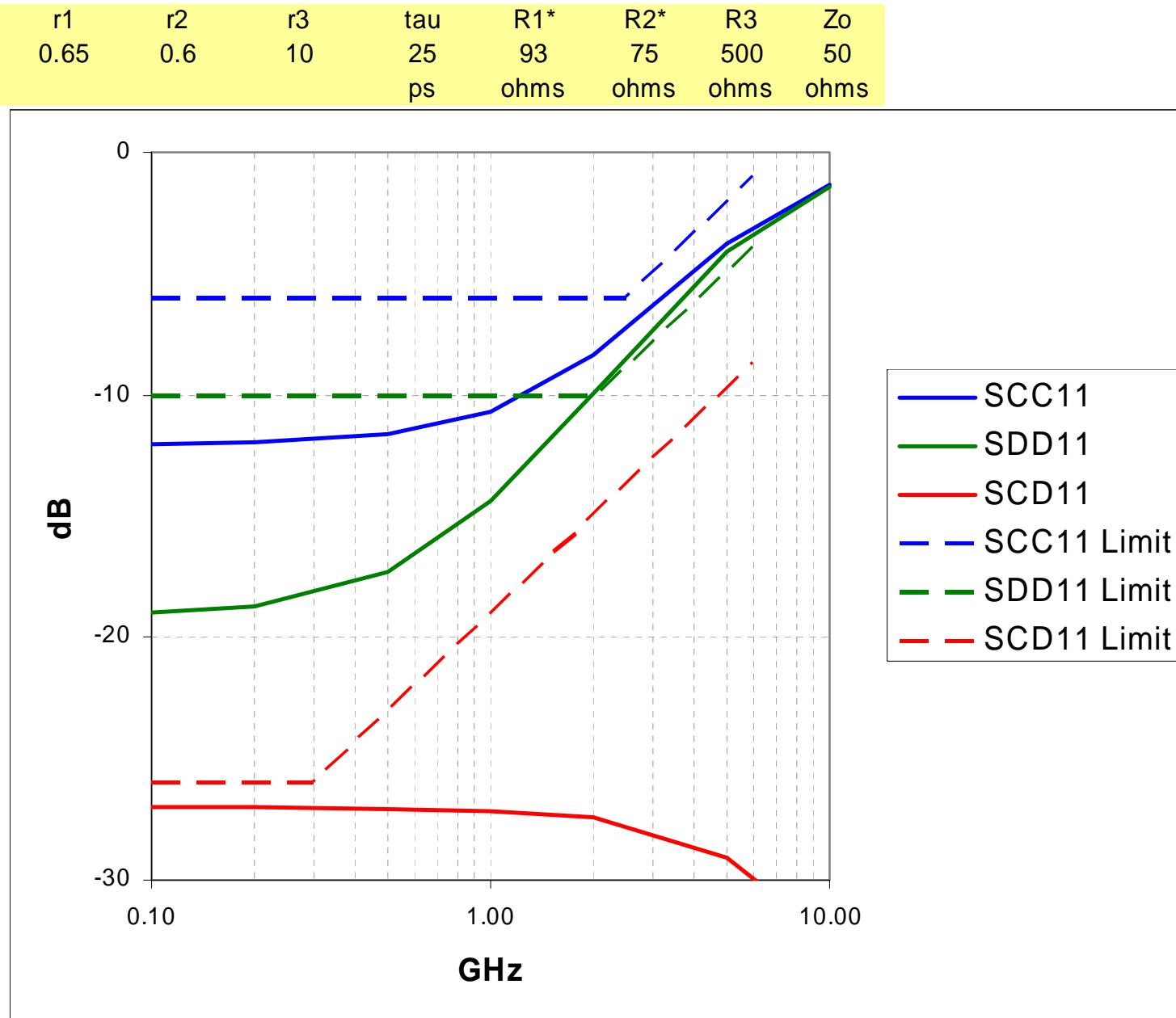
$$S_{22} = -[(1 - 2(r_2 || (r_1 + r_3))) + s\tau] / [1 + s\tau]$$

$$\begin{aligned} SDD_{nn} &= [S_{11} + S_{22} - 2 S_{12}] / 2 \\ &= -[(1 - r_3 || (r_1 + r_2)) + s\tau] / [1 + s\tau] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} SCC_{nn} &= [S_{11} + S_{22} + 2 S_{12}] / 2 \\ &= -[(1 - [4r_1 r_2 + r_1 r_3 + r_2 r_3] / [r_1 + r_2 + r_3]) + s\tau] / [1 + s\tau] \end{aligned}$$

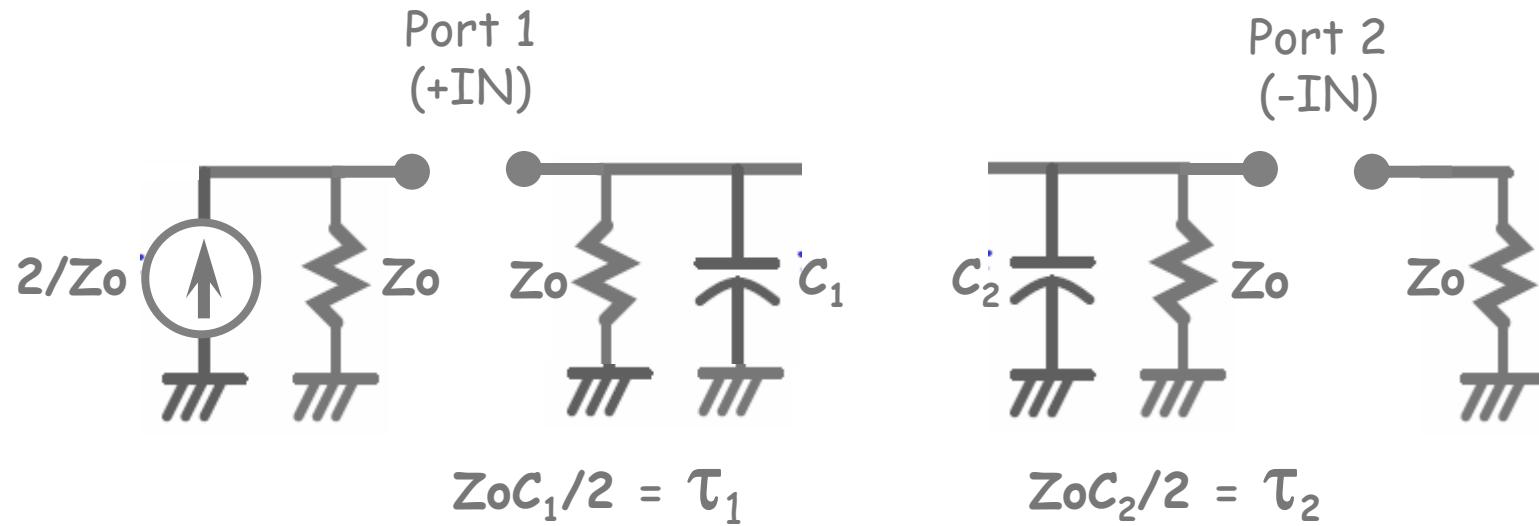
$$\begin{aligned} SCD_{nn} &= [S_{11} - S_{22}] / 2 \\ &= [(r_1 - r_2)r_3 / (r_1 + r_2 + r_3)] / [1 + s\tau] \end{aligned}$$

# Model #1 Values



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# Model #2



$$S_{11} = -s\tau_1 / (1+s\tau_1)$$

$$S_{12} = 0$$

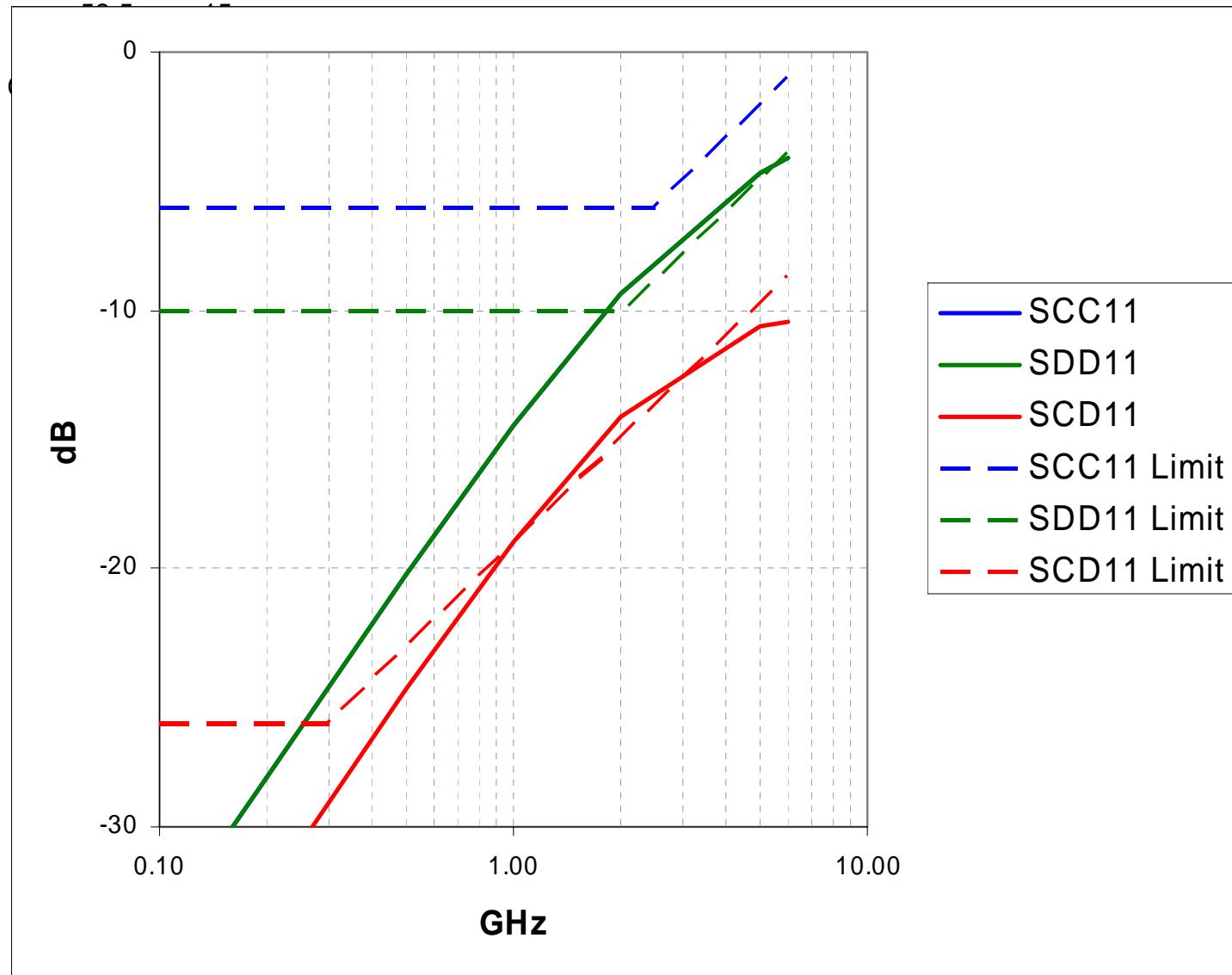
$$S_{22} = -s\tau_2 / (1+s\tau_2)$$

$$SDD_{nn} = SCC_{nn} = [S_{11} + S_{22}] / 2$$

$$SCD_{nn} = [S_{11} - S_{22}] / 2$$

# Model #2 Values

C1	C2	tau1	tau2	Zo
2	0.5	50	12.5	50
pF	pF	ps	ps	ohms



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