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06-206r1 SAS-2 iPASSTM Data Eyes vs. De-Emphasis



Outline



- Address the Concern that Fixed De-Emphasis on External Links Will Cause too much Jitter for Short Links
 - Compare Fixed and Optimal De-Emphasis for Example External SAS-2 Links
 - Estimate the Jitter Penalty of Fixed vs. Adaptive De-Emphasis
- Discuss Concerns with Optional Adaptive De-Emphasis Provissions
- Propose Recommendations for Discussion

Simulation Methodology

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- Convert S-Parameters to Frequency Response
 - Use Mellitz Capacitive Package Model RL~7dB @ 3GHz

$$H(f) = \frac{S_{21}\Gamma_L + S_{21}}{(1 - S_{22}\Gamma_L) + S_{11}(1 - S_{22}\Gamma_L) + S_{21}\Gamma_L S_{12}}$$

- Convert Frequency Response to an Impulse Response
- Compute the Optimal (ZF) De-Emphasis Tap Weights

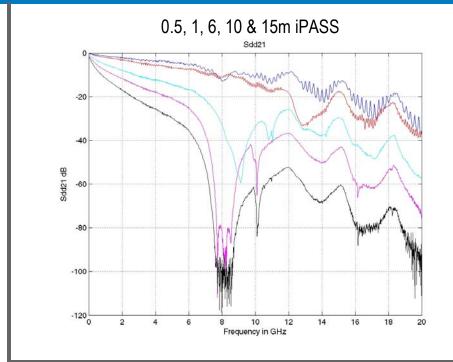
$$y(t) = p(t) * h(t)$$

$$C_{zf} = \begin{bmatrix} y(\tau) & y(\tau - T) \\ y(\tau + T) & y(\tau) \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

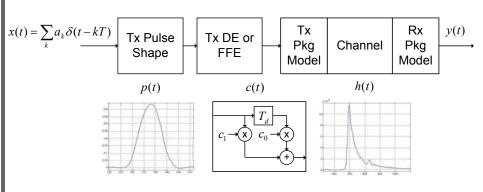
Filter the Measured & Estimated Channel Output with the De-Emphasis Filter

$$\hat{y}_m(t) = y_m(t) * c(t)$$
 $\hat{y}(t) = x(t) * h(t) * c(t)$

- **Solution** Estimate the Jitter from the Data Eye $\{\hat{y}_m(t), \hat{y}(t)\}$
- Compare to Measured Results

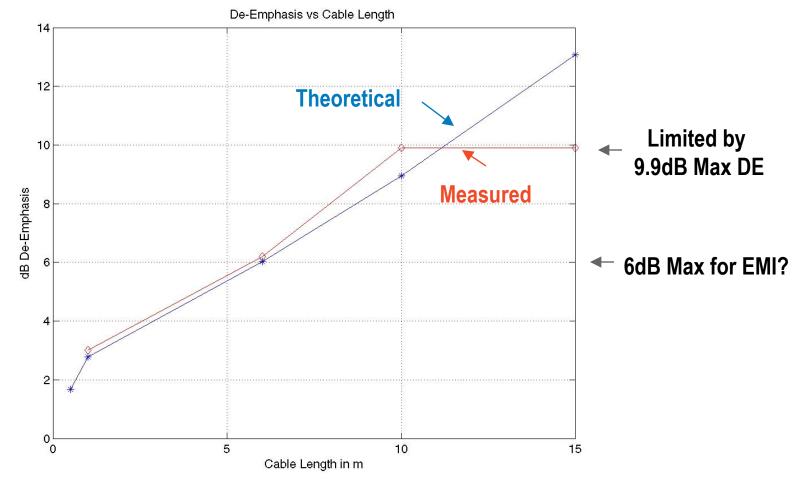


Simulation Model



Optimal De-Emphasis for iPASS Cables

Computed Optimal and Laboratory Optimization De-Emphasis



Optimal De-Emphasis iPASS Cables

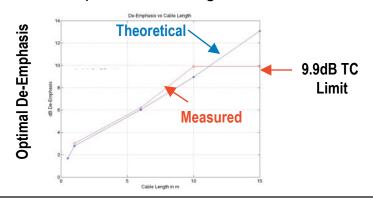
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Simulation vs Measured

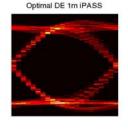
- 6 Gbps Output Driver Test Chip
 - 2 Tap De-Emphasis
 - 0 → 9.9 dB De-Emphasis Capability

Optimal De-Emphasis vs Length iPASS Cables

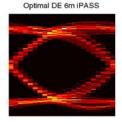


Optimal De-Emphasis Simulated Eyes

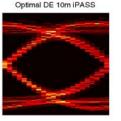
1m



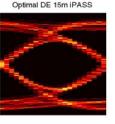
6m



10m



15m

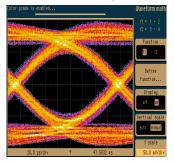


Optimal De-Emphasis Measured Eyes

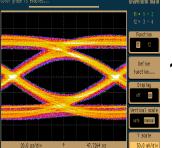
1m

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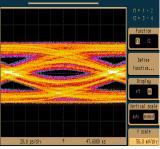
6m



10m



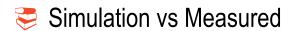
15m



Non-Optimal DE 9.9dB Limit

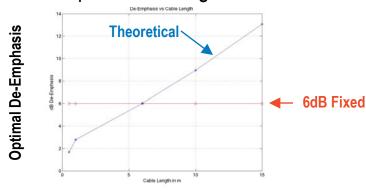
Fixed 6dB De-Emphasis

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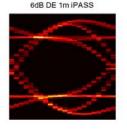
- 6 Gbps Output Driver Test Chip
 - 2 Tap De-Emphasis
 - 0 → 9.9 dB De-Emphasis Capability

Optimal De-Emphasis vs Length iPASS Cables

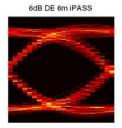


6dB De-Emphasis Simulated Eyes

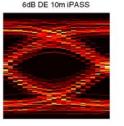
1m



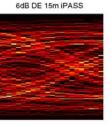
6m



10m

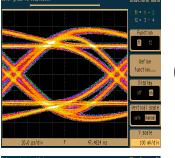


15m

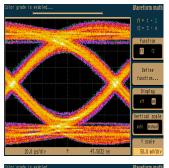


6dB De-Emphasis Measured Eyes

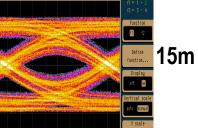
1m

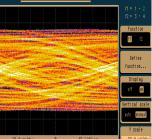


6m



10m

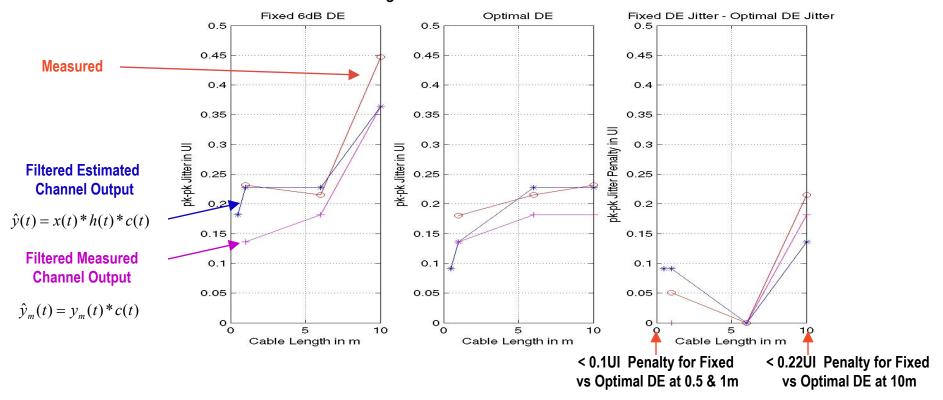




Jitter Generation vs. De-Emphasis

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- Jitter vs Length with Fixed and Optimal De-Emphasis
 - Measurement is 2000 hit Histogram



- Minimum Length External Channel 0.5m Jitter is Simulated Only
- Jitter Penalty at 10m is higher than at 1m length

Concerns on Adaptive DE

Specification Concern:

- RE: T10/05-397r2 including IncEmp/DecImp,Done & NAK
- Otherwise We Fully Support T10/05-397r2
- The data to date does not support the need for adaptive Tx De-Emphasis. 6dB of Fixed Tx De-Emphasis for external links does not appear to cause too much jitter when the short links are used.
- The existing methods for optimizing Tx De-Emphasis in SAS-1 links can be used in SAS-2.
- My concern is that we add a requirement/option which is not proven to be needed; furthermore, if it is added as an "optional" feature it most likely will become required under the following scenario.
 - Marketing may view omission of an optional feature as being non-competitive, thus it will become a design team requirement for one design team, once this happens all phy solution will implement this feature and thus an "optional feature" will become a defacto requirement.

Concerns on Adaptive DE

Technical Concern:

 Adding unnecessary complexity to all phy and the technical risk of completing adaptive equalizer training in the allocated time.

If this feature is added:

- The adaptive receiver will need the ability to decide how to control the Tx De-Emphasis. Most likely it will measure some channel metric (BER, Q, eyeopening...) and request changes to the Tx De-Emphasis to optimize the link.
- We will need budget time for decision process, Tx DE adjust time response....
- Would require supporting analysis and specification on response time, deemphasis step sizes...
- Fig. If STA/OEMs want this new capability, we can address the technical cost, complexity of potential implementations and how it would effect the speed negotiation timeline.

Summary and Recommendations



- Optimal and Fixed De-Emphasis for External Links has been Investigated
 - Simulated and Measured Results Match Well
 - Fixed 6dB De-Emphasis Does not Cause Excessive Jitter for Short Links

Recommendations

- Do not define "optional" primitives for adaptive De-Emphasis in the Training Sequence unless technical need determined.
- Do Specify a Fixed 6dB Fixed De-Emphasis for External Links.
- Do Provide Adjustable De-Emphasis for Internal Links.
- Do Assume a Maximum of 6dB De-Emphasis for Link Analysis and Specification.
- Determine a Compliance Test Methodology for External Links.