

T10/05-428r0

SAS-2 channels analyses and suggestion for physical link requirements

To: T10 Technical Committee

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Subject: T10/05-428r0 SAS-2 channel compliance analyses and suggestion for electrical specification

Revision History Revision 0 (06 November 2005) first revision

Related Documents

T10/05-357r0 SAS-2 External Cable Electrical Specification

T10/05-389r0 SAS-2 Channel Models (4-Connector, Board-to-Board) T10/05-384r0 SAS-2 Channel Models (3-Connector, Board-to-Board) T10/05-390r0 SAS-2 Channel Models (3-Connector, Board/Cable/Backplane/Drive)

T10/05-404r0 SAS-2 Multilane Cable Assembly Model, six meter T10/05-401r0 SAS-2 Multilane Cable Assembly Model, half meter

T10/05-393r0 SAS-2 Channel Model (4 boards / 3 mated connectors)

OIF-CIE-02.0 Common Electrical I/O (CEI)- Electrical and Jitter Interoperability agreements for 6G+ bps and 11G+ bps I/O

Overview

The SAS-2 channel performance analyzed for the models posted at T10 and listed above. The analyses method is similar to OIF-CEI-02.0 compliance method for 6G+ LR, but modified for SAS-2 environment.

Reference transmitter is a one-tap Tx with post-cursor de-emphasis, and reference receiver is a five-tap DFE equalizer. Our results do not necessary mandate DFE solution and are applicable to an FIR equalizer with similar performance. Since there was no crosstalk data posted for the backplanes, the crosstalk contribution could be factored in by analyzing amplitude and jitter margins. PMC Sierra in-house statistical eye simulation tool (with method recommended by OIF-CEI-02.0) was employed. Because of the ambiguity in extrapolation of S-parameters data to DC, few results may require additional verifications.

I. The SAS-2 6Gb/s Rx/ Tx requirements assumption (based on OIF-CEI-02.0 6G+ LR)

Characteristic	Units	6Gb/s
Tx Differential Amplitude Return loss Recommenced Rise/Fall time 20-80%	mV(p-p) dB ps	800 –1200 < 6 ª at 3GHz > 30
Differential impedance DJ RJ, CDF level 1e-15 Tx- Equalizer	Ohm UI UI	100Ohm +/-15% < 0.15 < 0.15
1-tap post cursor de-emphasis with gain Adaptability	dB -	< 6dB No, Preset Tap
Rx Return loss Differential impedance	dB Ohm	< 6 ^a 100 +/- 15% ^b
Equalized eye amplitude TJ, CDF level 1e-15	mV(p-p) UI	> 100 < 0.6
Rx-Equalizer DFE with number of taps (or equivalent in performance FIR filter) Adaptability Limit for the sum of DFE taps for Tx =1Vpp, absolute value	- Vpp	5 Yes 0.263
Rx-Training (Tx must repeatedly transmit training pattern on Rx request)		Yes
Definition for Training pattern (In statistical eye simulation DFE taps are assumed to be equal to channel impulse response)		TBD
Note: This assumptions are made for simulation purposes and is a subject for SAS-2 requirements discussion a. OIF-CEI-02.0 6G+ LR requirement - 8dB b. OIF-CEI-02.0 6G+ LR requirement +/-20%		

II. Reference Model for Channel Testing



Note: The amplitude, jitter, return loss, termination resistance in the reference model were selected to represent the worst-case attenuation in the link.



Compliance eye mask after equalizer

Channel	S21@	S11@	Equalized Eye at Rx				Note
	3GHz	3GHz	RL = -6dB	3 GHz	RL = -8dB	3 GHz	-
	dB	dB	Tx ,6dB No DFE	Tx, 0dB DFE-5	Tx, 6dB No DFE	Tx, 0dB DFE-5	
HP01	-8.9	-13	0.56	0.48			For all channels:
			0.1	0.2			
HP02	-7.5	-10	0.58	0.48			Top: TJ in Ulpp
	6 /	10	0.1	0.22			Bottom: 2x A Vpp
пгоз	-0.4	-12	0.50	0.45			ALDER=1-10. Failed mask is in
HP04	-6.6	-10	0.55	0.44			red
_		-	0.13	0.25			
HP05	-6.8	-20	0.61	0.5			
			0.11	0.22			
HP06	-10.6	-12	0.52	0.45			
	0.0	10	0.09	0.18			
про/	-0.0	-12	0.52	0.43			
HP08	-89	-13	0.113	0.21			
	0.0	10	0.11	0.19			
HP09	-12.1	-6	0.74	0.62	0.65	0.54	High reflections
		-6 @	0.03	0.115	0.07	0.15	channels.
	-0.1	2.5G _14	closed	0.65	0.0	0.61	ISI results were
	-9.1	-14	eve	0.05	0.007	0.01	50% pessimistic
		2.5G	0,0	0111	01001	0	More data and
HP11	-8.7	-16	0.84	0.64	0.7	0.57	analyses is
		-5@	0.01	0.11	0.05	0.14	recommended
		2.25G					
	7 5	11	0.50	0.45	0.40	0.4	
	-7.5	-14	0.52	0.45	0.40	0.4	
HP13	-4.9	-14	0.10	0.45	0.53	0.20	
			0.12	0.24	0.15	0.29	
HP14	-2.8	-20	0.85	0.54	0.63	0.47	
			0.09	0.21	0.04	0.29	
miniSAS	10.7	0.5	0.55	0.44	0.52	0.42	With 4 " (10 cm) of
4x 6m	-10.7	-9.0	0.00	0.44	0.52	0.42	PCB trace
miniSAS	-3	-10	0.59	0.46	0.121	0.100	
4x 05m			0.1	0.33			
DELL	All channels have an open eye without equalization						Simulated
05-393r0							S-parameters

III. Channel Results Summary

IV. Statistical Eye Examples

MiniSAS4x 6m with Tx/Rx RL= 20dB





MiniSAS4x 6m with Tx/Rx RL= 6dB

Channel HP10, RX/Tx RL =20dB



Time [U]

Channel HP10, RX/Tx RL =6dB



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0

0.2

0.4

Time [UI]

0.6

D.8

TX Eq 0dB DFE ON BER =1e-15 2A= 0.11 V TJ= 0.65 Ulpp

15

1

V. MiniSAS4x crosstalk with PRBS-7, Tx 1.2 Vpp_dif, two aggressors





VI. Backplane crosstalk with PRBS-7, Tx 1.2 Vpp_dif four aggressors

VII. Summary

- Requirements for the SAS-2 physical link where suggested. They are similar to OIF-CEI-6G+ LR with Rx/Tx return loss relaxed to 6dB at 3GHz.
- Analyses showed that all of the channels posted, except one, comply with the OIF-CEI-02.0 6G+ LR requirements for the return loss RL > 8dB. Margins against the eye mask believed to be sufficient for crosstalk noise impact of minimum 40mVpp
- Three channels do not comply with the suggested Rx/Tx return loss of 6dB at 3GHz. We recommend to continue their study with additional data and simulation tools