ENDL

Date: 8 January 2004

To: T10 Technical Committee & SNIA OSD TWG

From: Ralph O. Weber Subject: OSD r09 Work List

r2 is the nearly final list from which OSD r09 will be built

Problem, Issue, or Work To Do	Resolution
Allow setting object logical length attribute to truncate the object.	In table 64, change "May Set" column to "Yes" for object logical length. Add the following to the definition of the object logical length attribute: "Setting the object logical length to a value that is smaller than the user object's logical length known to the OSD device shall cause the user object to be truncated to the specified length."
Identify zero Object Creation Time credentials to simplify validation.	Zero creation time flag bit not needed because creation time is in Capability (see next item).
Move Object Creation Time from the Credential to the Capability.	Agreed to move in 12/17/03 conference call.
Single Unique Object ID	Deferred to OSD-2
Attribute Access	Access allowed ONLY to attributes associated directly with the object being accessed (e.g., no accessing partition attributes as part of user object READ).
Persistence Model	Incorporate persistence_final.txt [04-005r0] in various clauses with edits appropriate to T10 standards wording.
Version Number	Incorporate the version number tag field in the Credential as described in Object Store Security Document rev 8. A marked copy of that document showing the concepts to be added is 03-279r2. Also define a version number tag attribute in the User Object Information attributes page.
Format issue (aka OSD as delivered from the factory)	Incorporate Rev08-Formatv02.doc [04-006r0] in various clauses with edits appropriate to T10 standards wording.

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Current Command Attributes page	Define one Current Command attributes page, page number FFFF FFFEh, with the following attributes: • partition ID • object ID • object type • starting byte address of append • response integrity check value Define attribute page range F000 0000h to FFFF FFFEh for attribute pages that are associated with all objects (i.e., accessible in conjunction with any access to any object). Require the response integrity check value to contain 0 for security levels 0 and 1.
Is an object type user object attribute needed? Should its value be coordinated with the object type capability field?	This attribute is already included in the Current Command attributes page as proposed by Dave Nagle.
Combine LIST and LIST COLLECTION commands	Per 10/15/03 conference call, leave OSD r08 unchanged.
One CREATE XXX command per Credential	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to eliminate this requirement entirely in favor of using the object count attribute in the Partition Resources attributes page.
Task Management Functions	Prohibit support for task management functions when the security level is not zero. Add a PERFORM TASK MANAGEMENT command with a coded value for task management function, identification of mandatory and optional, and provision for a command tag. Add a permissions bit for the new command. Require all task management requests except ABORT TASK and QUERY TASK to be addressed to the root object, with an appropriate capability (i.e., a capability allowing access to the root object with the Device Management permission bit set). Require the ABORT and QUERY TASK task management requests be addressed to the same object as the command being aborted with an appropriate capability (i.e., the same capability as the command being aborted or a capability for the object with the Device Management permission set).
Persistent Reservations	Modify the model to prohibit OSD devices from supporting Persistent Reservations globally (per 12/17/03 conference call). Indicate this in table 29 too.
Finish the removal of support for EXTENDED COPY	Remove the following commands from table 29 CHANGE ALIASES, RECEIVE COPY RESULTS, and REPORT ALIASES

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Commands needing security protection	Modify table 29 to indicate that the following commands are prohibited with the security level is not zero: LOG SELECT, LOG SENSE, MODE SELECT(10), MODE SENSE(10), PREVENT ALLOW MEDIUM REMOVAL, READ BUFFER, RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS, SEND DIAGNOSTIC, START STOP UNIT, and WRITE BUFFER. In table 29 make SEND DIAGNOSTIC support optional. Add a PERFORM SCSI COMMAND command that provides for delivery of the CDBs and parameter data for the above commands in concert with a Capability. Add a permissions bit for the new command (i.e., Device Management). Require all of the new command to be addressed to the root object. Prohibit the use of the new command for delivery of any CDBs other than those listed.
REQUEST SENSE and TEST UNIT READY Owing to existing operating system implementations, these two commands cannot be prohibited when the security level is not zero. However, they have the ability to return/clear pending Unit Attention information that might be valuable to host software. Thus they might be viewed as security threats.	Since OSD currently has no special reliance on Unit Attention conditions, resolution for any issues in this area is being left to OSD-2.
INQUIRY and REPORT LUNS Operating system device configuration software requires that these two commands be supported regardless of OSD security level. These commands do not clear pending Unit Attention conditions and so do not represent a known security threat.	No changes required. No SNIA OSD TWG action required, unless there are concerns about allowing these two commands regardless of OSD security level.
Does FORMAT OSD return a progress indication in sense data in the same why that the FORMAT commands for other device types do? Note: the answer affects one's view of REQUEST SENSE which is the way such information is usually retrieved.	Reporting progress on long running commands has been deferred to OSD-2.
Do Permissions Bits identify commands or functions? Different people reading OSD r08 get opposite views from the same text. So, some clarification is needed. The nature of the clarification depends on which view is adopted as the standard.	SNIA OSD TWG final review in progress The last revision of T10ized_Permission_Bits_v7.pdf, as agreed by discussions on the SNIA OSD TWG reflector, will be included in OSD r09.
Clarify which secret key is used to compute a credential integrity check value.	SNIA OSD TWG final review in progress KeysCorrections-r??.pdf, as agreed by discussions on the SNIA OSD TWG reflector, will be included in OSD r09.

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Should the REPORT TARGET PORT GROUPS and SET TARGET PORT GROUPS commands be supported? This would allow Active/Standby OSD controller (aka asymmetric logical unit) implementations ala RAID controllers.	Add REPORT TARGET PORT GROUPS and SET TARGET PORT GROUPS as optional commands and cover them with the PERFORM SCSI COMMAND described above.
Man-in-the-middle DOS attacks	As just a command level standard, OSD is not designed to address all known security threats. Some threats are appropriately addressed by the SCSI transport protocol (e.g., data encryption) and thus are not covered by OSD. The DOS attacks raised as issues fall in to this category. No changes will be made.
Attribute size hint (i.e., add an attribute that specifies the bytes of overhead associated with each attribute so that host software can calculate OSD space usage)	Host software should be relying on the OSD attributes and quotas to manage space usage. Attempting to mirror the calculations in host software is redundant and extremely error prone. No changes will be made.
C.2 (General bibliography) is out of date	Subclause C.2 will be removed in OSD r09.
An OSD-specific sense data descriptor is required and should include the following: • partition ID • user object ID • object byte offset where error detected • number of bytes actually transferred • integrity check value	Ralph to write a T10 proposal for inclusion SPC-3.
Invalid CapKey effects on CHECK CONDITION responses.	Replace the following 4.6.4.2.4 text: "If the validation fails, the application client should cease communications with the device server." with "If the application client fails in validating the integrity check value as described in this section, it should take a recovery action not specified by this standard. One possible action is to request a new credential from the security manager and retry the command. If the error reoccurs, alternate recovery actions should be considered and the presence of malicious entities executing a denial of service attack should be considered."
OSD System ID should have a format that matches that defined for the Device Identification VPD page, to provide compatibility with all SCSI transport protocols, especially iSCSI.	Define the OSD System ID attribute by reference to the identification descriptor in the Device Identification VPD page (see SPC-3). Restrict the code set, protocol identifier, identifier type, association, and identifier length values to fit previously agreed OSD System ID constraints.
Define the ordering relationships between command actions, getting attributes, and setting attributes in 4.6.3.2.	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to swap items 2 and 3 in the first list in 4.6.3.2.

Resolution
Sami to post specific propose changes to the reflector for discussion, agreement, and eventual inclusion in OSD r09.
The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to rename the capability NONCE AUDIT to just AUDIT, to rename capability NONCE RANDOM NUMBER field to the CAPABILTIY DISCRIMINATOR field to be defined as "The CAPABILTIY DISCRIMINATOR field contains a nonce that differentiates one capability and credential from another", and to remove all discussion of a capability nonce since that implies to some readers a device server requirement to verify the uniqueness of all values received.
The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to change the parenthetical expression in the last sentence of the cited paragraph from "(i.e., it should not be possible for an adversary to change the time of either the device server or security manager and thus thwart the checking of capability expiration checking) to "(e.g., it should not be possible for an adversary to set the clock in the device server backwards to enable the replay of expired credentials)".
From Seagate technical comment 6. Note that IBM specific comment 19 indicates that the last sentence in the 4th paragraph of 4.6.4.4.4 [Credential and capability validation] will be affected if there are no cases where previously received nonces are rejected. The text stays as is, such messages can be rejected a layer below the command layer (if desired), and security group to review simple denial of service attacks such as this one and propose a resolution, which may be a white paper (i.e., no changes to the standard).
The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to delete the one paragraph that references FIPS 140 and the normative reference.
The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to remove these.
The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to define the following behaviors: set attributes applies to all objects, get attributes applies to all objects, get page format not allowed. Also r09 must restore get attributes list format with object identification information so that the get attributes can identify the objects for which attributes are returned.

Problem, Issue, or Work To Do	Resolution
Should a new attribute be added that prohibits requesting specific User_Object_IDs in CREATE and CREATE AND WRITE commands? Should a new attribute be added that prohibits requesting specific Partition_IDs in CREATE PARTITION?	The authors of this comment agreed to withdraw it out of respect for past agreements to allow partitions that concurrently use both OSD assigned and user requested User_Object_IDs.
Should the GET ATTRIBUTES and SET ATTRIBUTES commands be replaced by a single NOP command?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to modify 4.6.3.2 to specify that GET ATTRIBUTES does gets first whereas SET ATTRIBUTES does the set first. Thus GET ATTRIBUTES and SET ATTRIBUTES are different and both need to exist.
Should the Root bit be removed from the parameter data returned by the LIST command?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to keep the Root bit while applying the IBM editorial changes that remove discussion of identifier lengths.
Should the LIST COLLECTION command have all the restart complexity currently specified for the LIST command?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call answered this question with an emphatic YES.
Should OSDs be limiting the number of objects and collections created to the number that can be represented in a single LIST or LIST COLLECTION command?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to delete statements in LIST and LIST COLLECTION that require a CHECK CONDITION to be returned when the total list length exceeds a 64-bit value. The statements to be deleted are from T10 boilerplate definitions of the allocation length field and are rendered incorrect by the next change (also agreed).
Should an Additional Length of FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFFh indicate "too big to fit in this field" in the parameter data returned by the LIST and LIST COLLECTION commands?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to add these statements.
A READ command that crosses the logical end of an object should return all the bytes that are present in the object and then return a CHECK CONDITION status with sense data the indicates how many bytes are returned.	Do this!
Should CHECK CONDITION status be returned for SET KEY and SET MASTER KEY commands when the Seed lsb is one?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to add these requirements.
Does the SET MASTER KEY command invalidate the drive, partition, and working keys?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to add this requirement.
What creation time is used to construct the Credential for a SET MASTER KEY command?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed that zero or the creation time of the root object shall be used to construct the Credential for a SET MASTER KEY command.

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Because the clock value has a significant impact on Credential formation, setting it should require the Security permission to be set.	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to address this making the clock attribute in the root information attributes page not user settable and by adding a copy of the clock attribute in the root security attributes page.
Should there be a lower limit on the value that may be set in the minimum security level attribute in the partition security attributes page? If there should be a lower limit, how should that limit be specified (e.g., as a new attribute in the root security attributes page)?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to remove table 12 and change all minimum security level attributes to just security level attributes. Unless the Security Group proposes additional changes in time, OSD r09 will be silent on how to determine the security level used to build a CDB. Additional changes will be proposed by the Security Group and if the changes are agreed after the T10 Letter Ballot process begins then the changes will be handled as T10 Letter Ballot comments.
Should the security version tag attribute be placed in the user object information attributes page or in a (to be created) user object security attributes page?	The 12/30/03 telephone conference call agreed to place the attribute in the user object security attributes page.
Should the partition count and object count attribute names be changed to partition count quota and object count quota?	Change names as described.
Should a new attribute called length of the write or append be added?	Do not do this.
Why do we need the starting byte address of the last write or append in the current command attributes page? How will this be used?	Move the starting byte address of the last write or append attribute to the Current Command attributes page (the one described by Dave Nagle) and rename it to starting byte address for append (thus limiting its applicability to the APPEND command which is the historical reason for the attribute's existence).
Are attributes accessed and attributes modified timestamps updated when actions other than when CDB fields explicitly specify the getting or setting of attributes?	Clarify that 'side-effect updates' (e.g., WRITE updating logical length) do not cause applicable timestamp attribute to be updated.
Should the partition information attributes page contain a count of the number total number of user objects (to coordinate with the quota on the number of user objects in the partition found in the partition resources attributes page)?	Add number of partitions attribute to Root Information attributes page and number of user objects attribute to Partition Information page.
Should CREATE PARTITION set the object count attribute in the partition resources attributes from a default value in the root object resources attributes page, or (as currently defined) set the value to all one's?	Add partition object count quota attribute to Root Resources attributes page. Specify that the root partition object count quota attribute is copied to the partition object count quota attribute by a CREATE PARTITION command.

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Should fill-in bytes in sparse WRITEs be set to zero?	Add the following in the definition of the READ command: "Attempts to read bytes that have never been written shall result in zeros being returned." Note this is not a requirement that WRITEs store zeros, only a requirement on the behavior of subsequent READs in such cases. How the sparse object is represented in vendor specific.
How does one support a truly read-only OSD?	This issue appears to be related to timestamp updates. The 1/5/04 telephone conference agreed to defer further consideration of this issue to OSD-2.
Apply numerous editorial changes received since r08 published and editorial changes from the 11/7 T10 Editing Meeting	No SNIA OSD TWG action required.
Clarify that FLUSH OBJECT flushes only the specific object (i.e., root object, partition, collection, or user object) specified by the combination of the Partition_ID and User_Object_ID.	From Seagate technical comment 9. Erik will write a proposal for enhancing the FLUSH OBJECT command to either flush just the referenced object or flushing all contained objects.
What is the SET KEY command Key Identifier field? Should attributes be added to return the Key Identifier values?	From Seagate technical comment 16 and IBM specific comment 36. Michael Factor to write detailed proposal based on what's in OSDr08.
Should a new attribute be added to disable the updating of timestamp values? In what attributes pages should the new attribute be added?	If changes are to be made, somebody or several somebodies (Erik, Sami, Julian, ??) to propose specific changes on the reflector. Changes will be made only after agreement is reached on the reflector.
Can the requirements on quota enforcement be relaxed?	Julian to post a proposal for specific changes to the reflector.
Is it desired to add a Security Level field to the Capability (or CDB) indicating the level to which the CDB was prepared?	From Seagate technical comment 4. To be covered by the security group as part of addressing the invalid usage of 'minimum security level'.
Are the root minimum security level and partition minimum security level attributes 0 after a FORMAT OSD command?	From Seagate technical comments 25 and 26. Note comment IBM G4 proposed removing all information relating to minimum security levels. This is to be dealt with as part of the security group review of minimum security levels.
Is there a desire to add an OSD-specific VPD page in r09? What information (in addition to root minimum security level) should be included in the page? What would be a good length for the page to provide enough reserved space for future uses?	From Seagate technical comment 3. Note comment IBM G4 proposed removing all information relating to minimum security levels. This is to be deal with as part of the security group review of minimum security levels.
Should all discussion of minimum security levels be removed?	From IBM comment G4. Note that the resolution of this comment affects the response to IBM comment G3. This is to be dealt with as part of the security group review of minimum security levels.