To: T10 Technical Committee
From: Rob Elliott, HP (elliott@hp.com)

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Subject: 03-351r1 SAM-3 SPC-3 Task Attributes VPD page

Revision history

Revision 0 (14 October 2003) First revision

Revision 1 (11 December 2003) Incorporated comments from November CAP WG - removed the enable/disable feature requested for multipathing software.

Related documents

sam3r10 - SCSI Architecture Model - 3 revision 10 spc3r16 - SCSI Primary Commands - 3 revision 16

Overview

There are currently four task attributes defined in SAM-3:

- a) SIMPLE;
- b) ORDERED;
- c) HEAD OF QUEUE; and
- d) ACA.

Problems:

- 1. There is no way for an application client to tell which task attributes are supported. Some logical units may prefer not to support ORDERED, for example. This proposal lets software read a VPD page to determine which task attributes are supported, and clarifies what happens if an unsupported task attribute is requested.
- 2. In SBP-3, unlike most other protocols, there is no task attribute sent with each command. A logical unit is set to treat all commands as SIMPLE or all commands as ORDERED. This proposal lets SCSI software determine which policy is in place.

Suggested changes to SAM-3

5 SCSI command model

5.1 The Execute Command procedure call

An application client requests the processing of a SCSI command by invoking the SCSI transport protocol services described in 5.4, the collective operation of which is conceptually modeled in the following procedure call:

Service Response =Execute Command (IN (I_T_L_Q Nexus, CDB, Task Attribute, [Data-In Buffer Size], [Data-Out Buffer], [Data-Out Buffer Size], [Command Reference Number]), OUT ([Data-In Buffer], [Sense Data], [Sense Data Length], Status))

Input Arguments:

I_T_L_Q Nexus: The I_T_L_Q nexus identifying the task (see 4.12).

CDB: Command descriptor block (see 5.2).

Task Attribute: A value specifying one of the task attributes defined in 8.6. <u>Transport protocols may or may not provide the ability to specify a different task attribute for each task (see 8.6.0).</u> For a task that processes linked commands, the Task Attribute shall be that specified for the first command in the sequence of linked commands. The Task Attribute specified for the second and subsequent commands shall be ignored.

5.9.5 Task attribute exception conditions

When an attempt to create a task with an invalid task attribute is detected, the command shall be terminated If a device server receives a command with a task attribute that is not supported or is not valid (e.g., an ACA task attribute when an ACA condition does not exist), it shall terminate the command with CHECK

CONDITION status, sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST and additional sense code of INVALID MESSAGE ERROR. <u>Task attribute support should be reported with the Task Attribute VPD page (see SPC-3).</u>

NOTE 1 (really 12) - The use of the INVALID MESSAGE ERROR additional sense code is based on its similar usage in previous versions of this standard. The use of the INVALID MESSAGE ERROR additional sense code is not to be interpreted as a description of how the task attributes are represented by any given SCSI transport protocol.

8.2 Implicit head of queue

A command standard (see 3.1.15) may define tasks that may be processed by the task manager as if the task's task attribute is HEAD OF QUEUE without regard to the actual task attribute received with the task.

8.3 Controlling task set management

The Control mode page (see SPC-2) contains fields that specify particular task set management behaviors. The standard INQUIRY data CMDQUE bit (see SPC-2) indicates support for tagged tasks (command queuing). One specific combination of task set management behaviors is identified as the basic task management model. Support for the basic task management model is indicated by values returned in the CMDQUE and BQUE bits in the standard INQUIRY data (see SPC-2). The basic task management model requires the following task set management behaviors:

8.3.2 Full task management model

The full task management model requires the following task set management behaviors:

- a) The SIMPLE task attribute (see 8.6.1) shall be supported;
- b) Task attributes other than SIMPLE may be supported;
- c) The QUEUE ALGORITHM MODIFIER field in the Control mode page (see SPC-3) shall control the processing sequence of tasks having the SIMPLE task attribute;
- d) The QERR field in the Control mode page (see SPC-3) shall control aborting of tasks when a CHECK CONDITION status is returned for any task; and
- e) The CLEAR TASK SET task management function (see 7.5) shall be supported.

8.3.3 Basic task management model

The basic task management model requires the following task set management behaviors:

- a) The only task attribute supported shall be SIMPLE Either only the SIMPLE task attribute is supported, or only the ORDERED task attribute is supported (see 8.6.1);
- b) The device server may reorder the actual processing sequence of tasks in any manner. Any data integrity exposures related to task sequence order shall be explicitly handled by the application client using the appropriate commands (i.e., they shall be handled as if the QUEUE ALGORITHM MODIFIER field in the Control mode page (see SPC-3) is set to 1h);
- c) All tasks in the task set shall be aborted when a CHECK CONDITION status is returned for any task (i.e., they shall be handled as if the QERR field in the Control mode page (see SPC-3) is set to 01b);
- d) If the Control mode page is supported, the QUEUE ALGORITHM MODIFIER field shall be set to 1h and the QERR field shall be set to 01b and they shall not be changeable; and
- e) The CLEAR TASK SET task management function (see 7.5) may be supported.

8.6 Task attributes

8.6.0 Task attribute overview

The application client shall assign each task one of the task attributes listed in table 1.

Table 1 — Task attributes [new table]

Task attribute	Reference		
SIMPLE	8.6.1		
ORDERED	8.6.2		
HEAD OF QUEUE	8.6.3		
ACA	8.6.4		

Transport protocols shall either:

- a) provide the capability to specify a unique task attribute for each task; or
- b) require use of the basic task management model (see 8.3.3).

Transport protocols should provide the capability to specify a unique task attribute for each task.

8.6.1 Simple task

A task having the SIMPLE attribute shall be accepted into the task set in the dormant task state. The task shall not enter the enabled task state until all older head of queue and older ordered tasks in the task set have ended (see 8.4).

The QUEUE ALGORITHM MODIFIER field in the Control mode page (see SPC-2) provides additional constraints on task completion order for tasks with the SIMPLE attribute.

8.6.2 Ordered task

A task having the ORDERED attribute shall be accepted into the task set in the dormant task state. The task shall not enter the enabled task state until all older tasks in the task set have ended (see 8.4).

8.6.3 Head of queue task

A task having the HEAD OF QUEUE attribute shall be accepted into the task set in the enabled task state.

8.6.4 ACA task

A task having the ACA attribute shall be accepted into the task set in the enabled task state. There shall be no more than one ACA task per task set (see 5.9.2.1).

Suggested changes to SPC-3

7.6 Vital product data parameters

7.6.1 Vital product data parameters overview and page codes

This subclause describes the vital product data (VPD) page structure and the VPD pages (see table 268) that are applicable to all SCSI devices. These VPD pages are optionally returned by the INQUIRY command (see 6.4) and contain vendor specific product information about a target or logical unit. The vital product data may include vendor identification, product identification, unit serial numbers, device operating definitions,

manufacturing data, field replaceable unit information, and other vendor specific information. This standard defines the structure of the vital product data, but not the contents.

Table 2 — Vital product data page codes

Page code	VPD page name	Reference	Support requirements	
8 <mark>87</mark> h - AFh	Reserved			
<u>87h</u>	Task Attributes	<u>7.6.x</u>	<u>Optional</u>	

Editor's Note 1: also add to annex C.6 for all device types

7.6.x Task Attributes VPD page [new]

The Task Attributes VPD page (see table 231) indicates which SCSI task attributes (see SAM-3) are supported by the logical unit.

Table 3 — Task Attributes VPD page

Byte\Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PERIPHERAL QUALIFIER PERIPHERAL DEVICE TYPE							
1	PAGE CODE (87h)							
2	Reserved							
3	PAGE LENGTH (4)							
4	Reserved				ACASUP	HEADSUP	ORDSUP	SIMPSUP
5	Daniel I							
7	Reserved							

An ACA supported (ACASUP) bit set to one indicates the ACA task attribute is supported by the logical unit. An ACASUP bit set to zero indicates the ACA task attribute is not supported.

Editor's Note 2: ACASUP is usually going to be the same as the NORMACA bit in the Control mode page. However, all NORMACA means is that NACA is supported in the CONTROL byte of the CDB. A device supporting NACA is not necessarily required to support the ACA task attribute. It might just expect the CLEAR ACA task management function to be used. Also, this keeps all task attributes together.

A HEAD OF QUEUE supported (HEADSUP) bit set to one indicates the HEAD OF QUEUE task attribute is supported by the logical unit. A HEADSUP bit set to zero indicates the HEAD OF QUEUE task attribute is not supported.

An ORDERED supported (ORDSUP) bit set to one indicates the ORDERED task attribute is supported by the logical unit. An ORDSUP bit set to zero indicates the ORDERED task attribute is not supported.

A SIMPLE supported (SIMPSUP) bit set to one indicates the SIMPLE task attribute is supported by the logical unit. A SIMPSUP bit set to zero indicates the SIMPLE task attribute is not supported.

Application clients should not use a task attribute unless it is reported as supported. SAM-3 defines handling of unsupported task attributes.

Editor's Note 3: if 03-302 is accepted, this page could also indicate whether the PRIORITY field is supported. The name might not fit as well.