1 Revision History

Revision 0: Blue Text
Initial proposal

Revision 1: Red Text
Remove logical unit reset details and have it point to SAM-2.
Add changes to ADC TapeAlert flags.

Revision 2: Green Text
Editorial changes.

2 Discussion

There are certain instances where the automation device needs a method to reset a data
transfer device to either recover from an error condition or to perform some device
configuration or other special operation. It is desirable to have multiple types of reset
that have different affects on the data transfer device.

The Reseta signal is defined in section 5.2.1. This allows the automation device to reset
the communication interface between the devices. For example, if the automation device
detects a communication error, it may use this to reset the interface to a known state.
This signal implies a port logout. This is not intended to be a hard reset of the data
transfer device and should not affect the primary port of the data transfer device. This is
already defined in the current revision of ADT.

A LOGICAL UNIT RESET task management function issued to the RMC device
shall perform as described by the primary host protocol. The behavior of the device
when issued to the ADC device server is defined in this proposal. The intent would be to
reset the logical unit to a known initial state and cause the least amount of disruption as
possible to the rest of the device.

The TARGET RESET task management function may be used to perform a hard reset
of the entire data transfer device; all logical units. This is intended to cause a power on
like reset. Some devices require this after changing configuration parameters or
performing code update operations.

This proposal applies to ADT Revision 5 and ADC Revision 4. The following section
details the changes to these documents.
3 Proposal

3.1 Definitions (ADT)

3.1.10 hard reset: A target action in response to a reset event in which the target port performs the operations described in 4.x.

3.1.x logical unit reset: A logical unit action in response to a logical unit reset event in which the logical unit performs the operations described in SCSI Architecture Model-2.

3.1.y logical unit reset event: A hard reset and a logical unit reset task management function request are logical unit reset events.

3.1.z reset event: A protocol specific event that triggers a hard reset from a device as described in 4.x.

3.2 General (ADT)

4.x Hard reset

A hard reset is a response to a power on condition or optionally a TARGET RESET event notification. The target port’s response to a hard reset shall include initiating the equivalent of a logical unit reset for all logical units as described in SCSI Architecture Model-2.

The effect of the hard reset on tasks that have not completed, SCSI device reservations, and SCSI device operating modes is defined in the SCSI Architecture Model-2 standard.

3.3 Transport Layer

7.1.2 SCSI Request information unit

Current text:

If the TASK MANAGEMENT FUNCTION field contains, 00h, the CDB field contains a SCSI Command Descriptor Block. Otherwise, the logical unit shall ignore the CDB field, and the task management function indicated by the TASK MANAGEMENT FUNCTION field shall be processed. See SAM-2 for a definition of the task management functions.

Proposed text:

If the TASK MANAGEMENT FUNCTION field contains, 00h, the CDB field contains a SCSI Command Descriptor Block. Otherwise, the logical unit shall ignore the CDB field, and the task management function indicated by the TASK MANAGEMENT FUNCTION field shall be processed. See SAM-2 for a definition of the task management functions.
A LOGICAL UNIT RESET shall perform the logical unit reset actions specified in SCSI Architecture Model-2 before returning a SCSI Response information unit indicating function complete. Upon receipt of a TARGET RESET the device shall perform a logical unit reset for all logical units and may perform a hard reset. The device shall return a SCSI Response information unit and wait for the corresponding acknowledgment IU after resetting the logical units and before performing a hard reset.

3.4 ADC Changes
Section 3.1.13:
Remove hard reset from ADC definitions.

Section 4.2.6:
Change the first sentence of the paragraph just before table 5.

[old text]
The TapeAlert state flags shall be cleared upon a power cycle of the data transfer device.

[new text]
The TapeAlert state flags shall be cleared upon a logical unit reset to either the RMC or ADC device servers.