## **SCSITA T10 Plenary Report**

# STA Technical Committee STA General



#### SCSI Trade Association

#### **STA Technical Committee**

- STA Technical meeting July 18th Colorado Springs 01s013r0
  - May 2nd Nashua Minutes 01s008r0 on www.scsita.org/STATech
  - Parallel SCSI roadmap to 2012 01s001r2, 2X2Y (twice the performance every 2 years) adopted for Ultra640 to Ultra5120 SCSI.
  - Ultra640 SCSI, Maxtor presentation 01s012r0
  - Ultra640 SCSI Key issues, restrictions and guidelines presentation was developed 01s014r0
  - The next meeting will be in Huntington Beach Sept 12, 2001.
  - Server and PC ease of use documents, approved May 4th -Rev\_1.0 of both documents 00s018r4 and 00s019r4

#### **STA General**

#### STA

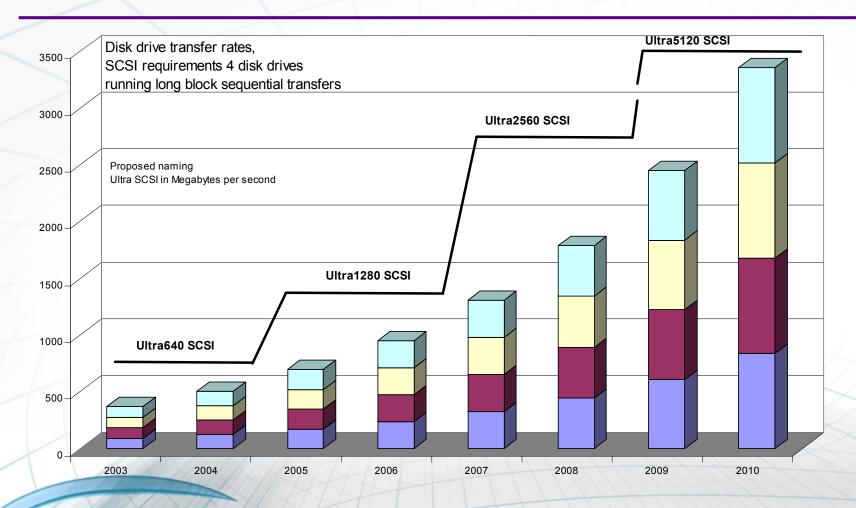
- Roadmap was approved
- 20<sup>th</sup> anniversary May 22<sup>nd</sup> Fairmont Hotel with IDC
  - Good turn out, excellent show of the history of SCSI and the roadmap chart to Ultra5120 SCSI.
- The last STA General was in Nashua 4-May-2001
  - Booth at Applied Computing coming up May 14-17
- Revise website went on line in December Marketing to web based, last year over 100,000 hits
- Product data base allows non STA member product listings for a fee
- Several Articles published, RTC, CTR, EDN, IEEE
- Next STA General meeting July 19th 1:30PM–
   Colorado Springs



### **Planned Steps**

- Ultra640 SCSI SPI-5 2003
- First generation Multilevel- SPI-6 2005
  - Ultra1280 SCSI (1.2 Gigabyte/second)
- Step in 2007 Ultra2560 SCSI
- Step in 2009 to Ultra5120 SCSI

### Requirements for drive performance





### **Marketing Roadmap**

- Ultra640 SCSI 2003
  - Extension of the current technology developed for Ultra320
  - Expanders and Bus tuning may be required
- Ultra1280 SCSI Approximately 2005
  - Encoded SCSI backward compatible with LVD SCSI
  - Multimode transceivers will not be supported.
  - Expanders required for Single ended.
- Ultra2560 SCSI Approximately 2007
  - Second generation encoding.
- Ultra5120 SCSI Approximately 2009



### **Step Details**

- Ultra640 SCSI
  - SPI-5, Fast-320 SCSI
  - adjustable Precomp or AAF
  - No major impedance mismatches
    - Expanders for cable to backplane matching
    - Tuning the termination
  - Expanded domain validation
- Ultra1280 SCSI
  - SPI-6, Fast-640 SCSI
  - Encoding with self clocking proposed
  - Multilevel proposed
  - Works on LVD SCSI bus



### **Step Details**

- Ultra2560 SCSI
  - SPI-X, Fast-1280
  - Encoding, self clocking proposed
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> generation multilevel proposed
  - Works on the LVD SCSI bus
- Ultra5120 SCSI
  - SPI-x, Fast-2560

### **Summary**

- The roadmap for performance is clear.
- The steps are in definition, but the technical community is starting down the roadmap with the new project proposals for SPI-5 and SPI-6
- SPI-6 involves a new technology approach that will take time to test and develop.
  - We are starting the work now to be ready in 4 years with the technology that will have follow on generations.
  - The long term roadmap to 2012 continues to double performance every 2 years.

#### **Ultra640 SCSI**

Key issues proposed
New Restrictions
Develop Guidelines for Ultra640 testing



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### Key issues

- Reflections as large as signals
- Major impedance mismatch between cables and backplanes.
- Crosstalk to signal ratio marginal on large configurations
- Periodic structure issues (Comb filter effects)
- SE 5 volt requirement problem for technology and eliminating will reduce capacitance
- Stub effects



#### **New Restrictions**

- Restricting applications
  - Cable assembly defined by Electrical parameters, not an open statement of wire gauge and distance.
    - Applications of unshielded cable restriction
      - Impedance problems, crosstalk, common noise, sweep attenuation – avoiding periodic structures
  - Expanders for heavily loaded backplanes and long cable applications
- SPI-5 cables marking Performance differences
- Programmable terminators
  - Reducing the impedance to match the loaded bus impedance for backplanes



#### **New Restrictions**

#### LVD only

- Drop MSE, there have been three generations for the transition to LVD SCSI
- Drop SE in SPI-5
- Series resistors for devices to reduce stub effects
- Backplane design rules
  - Reduce the effects of periodic structures
  - Reduce the crosstalk
- Twisted and flat cable spacing
  - Reduce the effects of periodic structures
  - Reduction of the impedance change of the flat section



### **Develop Guidelines for Ultra640 testing**

- Cable to backplane restrictions
  - Cable to backplane
    - Electrical specifications that limit cable connections to backplanes. (Crosstalk)
    - 5 or X slot maximum backplane electrical specifications on backplanes
  - Backplanes over 5 or X slots
    - Restrict to expander
  - Termination on the backplane matches the impedance
    - Programmable termination that can be adjusted to the backplane loading.
    - Adjust with switch or I2C bus, out side of the SCSI bus to keep the terminator cost down – 55 to 135 ohm range, adjustable bias current for negation

Expanders, SES and SCSI should plan to control



### **Develop Guidelines for Ultra640 testing**

- Reduce stub effects with series resistors on drives
- Backplanes
  - periodic structures at 160 MHz should not be used.
  - Crosstalk
  - Strip line? Tutorial or annex
  - Tutorial on designing backplanes
- SPI-5 cables marking Performance differences
- White Box profile definitions

