Bi-directional ORBs — Two approaches

Peter Johansson Congruent Software, Inc.

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Normal command block ORB

data_descriptor	
n rq_fmt r d spd max_payload p page_size data_size	
command	





One buffer per ORB

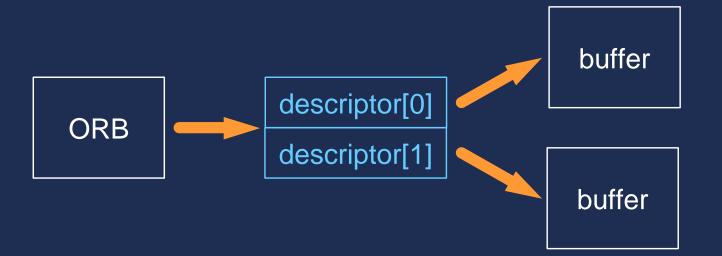


Either direct or indirect (page table)Required fields

data_descriptor, direction , spd , max_payload ,
page_table_present , page_size and data_size

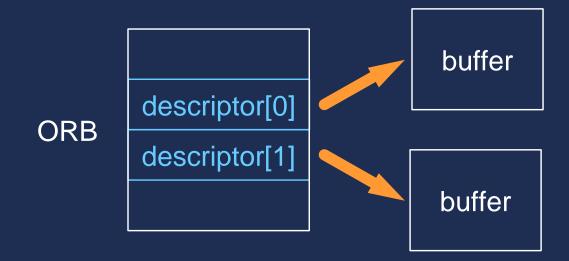
92 bits total (round to three quadlets)

Indirect access to two buffers



Typical ORB size remains 32 bytes
 Inefficient access through indirect descriptors
 ORB fields wasted

Direct access to two buffers



ORB header increased by 12 bytes
Efficient direct access via descriptors in ORB
Compatible with FAST_START

FAST_START strategy

• Write *only* one page table to FAST_START

- Included page table is for the first data_descriptor field in the ORB
- Software optimizes descriptor usage
 - If target needs data first, zero direction bit
 - Else target provides data first: set *direction* bit to one
- Target fetches other page table at its leisure



Operating system considerations

- Examine typical commands that would use bi-directional ORBs
 - RAID combined XOR and write
- Enhance API
 - ORB type selection (single or dual buffer)
 - Preserve ordered relationship of buffers from API to ORB
 - All buffer parameters are independent!





Contact information

Peter Johansson

Congruent Software, Inc. 98 Colorado Avenue Berkeley, CA 94707

(510) 527-3926 (510) 527-3856 FAX

PJohansson@ACM.org

